



Character Counts

Freemasonry USA's National Treasure & Source of Our Founding Fathers' Original Intent

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Founding Fathers in More Light

David Barton, Tim LeHaye, and History

Introduction to Founding Father Analysis

Chart 8. Barton's Founding Fathers in More Light (revisited)

- A. Founding Era - 1760-1805 - Founders - Men 16 Years Old+ in 1776
- B. Founding Era - 1760-1805 - Men Born 1761+ & Before 1774: 16 Years Old+ by 1789
- C. Founding Era - 1760-1805 - Born 1775, Not *Founders* But Children *at* Founding, Younger than 16 Years Old by 1789
- D. Founding Era - 1760-1805 - 16 Years Old & Older in 1776 - But NOT Founders, NOT New American Residents
- E. Outside Founding Era - Born *Before* 1760
- F. Outside Founding Era - Born *After* 1773, Children, *Less* Than 16 Years in 1789
- G. Clergymen = 48 in Barton
- H. Tim LaHaye's 54 Founding Fathers
- I. 33 Freemason Generals in Continental Army
- I. 85 More Freemason Founding Fathers Not in Barton or LeHaye

Introduction to Founding Father Analysis

The following is an analysis of David Barton's 268 biographic sketches of selected individuals referenced in his *Original Intent*. We also focus upon chronological order and chronological issues for more light. With respect to David Barton's entire thesis, his elimination of Freemasonry is a critical failure. Furthermore, the church membership at least, to say nothing of church attendance (and Barton says nothing of church attendance), for Barton to have substantiated his thesis he should have been more attentive to a simple

majority of church-going persons and a good number of ministers who were also Founding Fathers. Yet, we find that 27 ministers of 48 are not *Founding* Fathers at all.¹

Our primary reference for Freemasonry affiliation came from a comparison with William R. Denslow's magnum opus *10,000 Famous Freemasons*.² A few times, Denslow noted doubts about a man's membership, and Denslow cross-referenced many times.

To read the chart and following gradations, note that Barton listed the years 1740-1850 as the "lifespan of the Founders" and the years 1760-1805 as the "Founding Era."³ The terms *theologian* and *minister* have been changed to *Clergyman* for consistency, with *theologian* left to retain its unique significance. OI = David Barton's *Original Intent*.⁴

Here is an astounding revelation after a closer look at David Barton's extensive research.

¹ See pages 373-433, of these ministers influential to Christianity, these 24 were not *Founding* Fathers: Gratian (c.1100-1155), John Wycliffe (1320-1384), John Huss (c.1373-1415; who is called by Barton a Catholic priest), Martin Luther (1483-1546; called by Barton "Rev. Martin Luther," when actually he was Catholic priest trying to *reform*—that was a strange appellation), William Tyndale (1490-1536; never came to America), Richard Hooker (1553-1600), Roger Williams (1603-1684), James Blair (1658-1743), William Penn (1644-1718), Cotton Mather (1662-1727), Jonathan Dickinson (1688-1747), Jonathan Edwards (1703-1753), Aaron Burr (1715-1757), Samuel Finley (1715-1766), Samuel Davies (1723-1761), Richard Allen (1760-1831, 16 years old at Declaration) Abner Kneeland (1774-1844; 2 years old at Declaration), David Lawrence Morril (1772-1849; 4 years old at Declaration), William Ellery Channing (1780-1842), William Cogswell (1787-1850), Charles Finney (1792-1875), Ralph Waldo Emerson (1803-1882), James Garfield (1831-1881).

² William R. Denslow's *10,000 Famous Freemasons* (1957, 4v.).

³ David Barton, *Original Intent* (2004, 1st 2000; 534p.): 317.

⁴ David Barton, *Original Intent* (2004, 1st 2000; 534p.).

Founding Era 1760-1805 & 268 Important Bio's

Only 188 of 268 are Founding Fathers—85 of 268 attorneys
164 of 268 Founding 1776 Fathers⁵—69 of 164 are attorneys
24 of 268 Founding 1789 Fathers⁶—16 of 24 are attorneys
 10 of 268 Founding Children, <16 by 1789⁷

76 Freemasons in Barton's Founders

76 of 188 Founders Freemasons, 40%
 69 of 164 1776 Founders Freemasons, 42%
 8 of 24 1789 Founders Freemasons, 33%

48 Clergymen in Barton's 268

26 Founding Fathers Clergy

27 >16 Years @ 1776—1 of 27 Not Founding Father⁸
 21 Not Founding Fathers - 1 lived in 10th Century
 5 of 21 born before Columbus sailed - 10 died before 1700
 15 died before 1776 - 5 of 21 <16 @ 1789, 2 of 21 born after 1800

Outside Founding Era 1760-1805

80 of 268, 30% Not Founders
 37 of 268 Not Founders, Not Born 1760⁹
 38 of 268 Not Founders, Born After 1773¹⁰
 5 of 268 Not Founders, Not Resident¹¹

Chart 8. Barton's Founding Fathers in More Light (revisited)

⁵ Men 16 Years Old+ in 1776.
⁶ Men Born 1761+ & Before 1774: 16 Years Old+ by 1789.
⁷ Founding Era - 1760-1805 - Born 1775, Not *Founders* But Children *at* Founding, < 16 Years Old by 1789.
⁸ Bishop Richard Watson (1781-1833), English Clergy.
⁹ Outside Barton's Founding Era - Born *Before* 1760.
¹⁰ Outside Barton's Founding Era as Adults - Born *After* 1773, Children, < 16 Years in 1789.
¹¹ Founding Era - 1760-1805 - 16 Years Old & Older in 1776 - But NOT Founders or New Residents

Those are numbers that have a bearing upon David Barton's and much of the Religious Right's concern over *original* intent of our beloved U.S. Constitution. Moreover, we inserted Tim LaHaye's list of 54 as well as 33 Freemason Founding Generals and 85 other Freemason Founding Fathers with short bio's, and we could have listed hundreds.¹² We all know that there were more, but not many more truly significant leaders. The numbers above cannot be seen as closed or truly representative, just representative of the leaders: the leaders is a finite number. Surely, there are many more hundreds who were *Founding Fathers* of some sort, and many who were and were not Freemasons. The point is with respect and disrespect to David Barton's own shuffling. Look, and look close at Barton and his own rationale. The 268 is his own deduction, and from that we see 76 or 40% who were Freemasons. In Barton's many books—all of them together—we do not even know if 2% of any of the Founding Fathers were Baptist or anything else. We do not know of any significant church attendance at all. What *do* we know? We know that Freemasonry more than any other single institution played a role. All of that—by Barton's own rationale—overshadows, even occults his own ideas of an evangelical *original* intent. Superlatives fail us here—except perhaps malignance in Barton's hiding of that.

In Tim LaHaye, the top two—George Washington and Benjamin Franklin—were the most influential Founding Fathers and among the most active Freemasons; after these two, the next five “most-influencing Founding Fathers”¹³ were

Mason 1751-1836, James Madison ¹⁴	Mason 1757-1804, Alexander Hamilton ¹⁵
1752-1816, Gouverneur Morris	1763-1816, George Mason
Mason 1721-1793, Roger Sherman	

Five out of LeHaye's top seven were Freemasons, or 71%—remarkable. Then LeHaye gives three more lists: two lists of 16 and one of 15—for 47—that gives us 54 significant Founding Fathers in LaHaye (47 + 5 + 2 = 54). Of the 54, 14 or 26% are unique to LaHaye (u=unique), and 19 of the 54 were Freemasons, for 35%; that means of the 54 Founding Fathers in LeHaye, 24 or 44% were Freemasons. See the list below.



¹² See for starters William R. Denslow's *10,000 Famous Freemasons* (1957, 4v.), Hubert Stewart Banner's *These Men Were Masons: a Series of Biographies of Masonic Significance* (1934; 258p.), George W. Baird's *Great American Masons* (1924; 109p.), Ronald E. Heaton's *Masonic Membership of the Founding Fathers* (1965; 164p.), *Justices of the Supreme Court identified as Masons* (1968, 41p.), Heaton's *Masonic Membership of the General Officers of the Continental Army* (1960; 56p.), Ronald E. Heaton and James R. Case's *The Lodge at Fredericksburgh: a Digest of the Early Records* (1975; 95p.).

¹³ Tim LaHaye, *Faith of Our Founding Fathers* (1987; 268p.): 125-143.

¹⁴ William R. Denslow's *10,000 Famous Freemasons* (1957, 4v.), cannot confirm, but indicates letter from John Francis Mercer, governor of Maryland, congratulating him on becoming one (a letter doubted) and a letter treasured by Dolly Madison where Madison took dinner with Andrew Jackson with Masons, and Heaton indicates one of the best sources were the anti-Mason attacks on Madison. Ronald E. Heaton, *Masonic Membership of the Founding Fathers* (Washington: Masonic Service Association, 1965; 164p.), notes similar and indicates letter by Madison admitting uncertain knowledge of Masonry.

¹⁵ William R. Denslow's *10,000 Famous Freemasons* (1957, 4v.), cannot confirm, but gives evidence of presence at a lodge likely to him (only one of that name commissioned by Washington) and his son was a member and past master. Ronald E. Heaton, *Masonic Membership of the Founding Fathers* (Washington: Masonic Service Association, 1965; 164p.), notes the lack of certain evidence.

A. Founding Era - 1760-1805 - Men 16 Years Old+ in 1776

164 with 69¹⁶ Freemasons, or 42% — Please note that I added bio info from Denslow to complement Barton's info (editing some of Barton's too), but got tired somewhere about halfway through and stopped adding lodge numbers, etc.; there is so much more.

Mason 1706-1790, **Benjamin Franklin**, one of the leading Founding Fathers by everyone's acclamation, author, scientist, first president of the Pennsylvania Society for Promoting Abolition of Slavery, one of only six who signed both Declaration and Constitution; in 1727, he organized the Leather Apron Club as a secret society in Philadelphia (non-Masonic), received his degrees in 1731 in St. John's Lodge in Philadelphia, and served every post, and was then appointed provincial grand master by Thomas Oxnard of Boston on June 10, 1749, deposed in 1750 and appointed deputy grand master, was appointed to a committee for building a Free-Mason's Lodge in Philadelphia and took a prominent part in the dedication of the first Masonic building in American on June 24, 1755; he printed Anderson's Constitutions which was the first Masonic book printed in America in 1734; he visited France, assisted in the initiation of Voltaire in 1778 into the Lodge of the Nine Sisters in Paris, and on 11-28-1778 officiated at the Masonic funeral held by that Lodge for Voltaire. On 7-7-1782 he was a member of the Respectable Lodge de Saint Jean de Jerusalem and in 1785 he was elected honorary member of the Loge des Bon Amis of Rouen, France.

1707-1785, **Stephen Hopkins**, congressman, founder of library in Providence, signer of Declaration

1710-1785, Rev. Jonathan Trumbull, **Clergyman**, businessman, judge, congressman, minister church in Colchester, CT, Governor Connecticut 1769-1784, only Colonial Governor who served from start to finish of American Revolution, "probably contributed more to the Revolution in the way of arms, munitions, supplies, men, etc., than any other Governor; was a close counsel of General Washington throughout the War" (OI, 427)

1711-1779, **Eleazer Wheelock**, **Clergyman**, popular preacher in Great Awakening, educated Indians, est. Dartmouth 1770 and remained president until death

1711-1779, **John Hart**, congressman, signer of Declaration

1715-1757, Rev. **Aaron Burr**, **Clergyman**, Presbyterian and college president, called to First Church of Newark, involved in revivals of Great Awakening 1746

1715-1766, Rev. **Samuel Farley**, **Clergyman**, taught Benjamin Rush, president of Princeton 1761-1766

Mason 1716-1778, **Phillip Livingston**, merchant, congressman, signed Declaration, president of the New York Provincial Convention

1720-1766, Rev. **Jonathan Mayhew**, **Clergyman**, pastor of West Church, Boston 1747, preached Christianity on Scriptures and not Calvinism, defender of civil liberty,

¹⁶ Not including Thomas Jefferson (who probably was) or Benjamin Rush who resigned.

including on sermon after repeal of Stamp Act titled *The Snare Broken* 1766, well thought of by patriots including John Adams

Mason 1721-1793, **Roger Sherman**, farmer, cobbler, JP, congressman, helped with introduction of two houses of congress, signed Declaration and Constitution (1 of 6), only founder to sign Declaration, Articles of Association, Articles of Confederation, and Constitution - **ONLY** signed all 4

Mason 1722-1803, **Samuel Adams**, known “Firebrand of Revolution” and “Father of the American Revolution” (OI, 374), signer on Declaration; **Mason** no record, purported to be made one at St. John’s Lodge, Boston, MA

1723-1761, Rev. **Samuel Davies**, **Clergyman**, influential in Great Awakening, Presbyterian, President of Princeton after friend, Jonathan Edwards

1723-1790, **William Livingston**, attorney, soldier, Brigadier General, signed Constitution, signer of Declaration

1723-1794, **John Witherspoon**, **Clergyman**, congressman, Presbyterian, Calvinist churchman, President of Princeton 1768-1776, signed Declaration, author of theological work

1724-1777, **John Morton**, congressman, land surveyor, JP, signed Declaration, believed that his “signing of the Declaration of Independence to have been the most glorious service that I ever rendered my country” (OI, 409)

Mason 1724-1790, Rev. **Lyman Hall**, **Clergyman**, physician, congressman, signer of Declaration

Mason 1724-1792, **Henry Laurens**, merchant, congressman, member of the American Philosophical Society 1772-1792, help negotiate peace with Great Britain and signer of Treaty of Paris 1782

1725-1776, **Samuel Ward**, farmer, congressman, founder and trustee of Rhode Island College now Brown 1764-1776, helped secure George Washington as commander-in-chief

Mason 1725-1783, **James Otis**, attorney, congressman, soldier, author, recognized in England as chief of “the rebellious spirit” (OI, 410), mentor of Samuel Adams and Sons of Liberty 1761-1769, “was considered *the* acknowledged political leader of Massachusetts Bay” (OI, 410), mercifully struck by lightning ending his tormenting last days

1725-1783, Rev. **Samuel Cooper**, **Clergyman**, pastor of puritan Brattle Square Church in Boston 1747, declined presidency of Harvard 1774, British often ordered his arrest for advocating American Independence, “close friend of Adams, Franklin, and other patriots” (OI, 385)

1725-1792, **George Mason**, congressman, drafted Virginia’s first constitution with Declaration of Rights from which Jefferson drew the Declaration, refused to sign because it did not abolish slavery, known as the “Father of the Bill of Rights” (OI, 407)

1726-1790, **James Bowdoin**, early delegate

1726-1795, **William Prescott**, congressman, farmer, soldier, Colonel of Minute Men, said, “Don’t fire until you see the whites of their eyes!” 1775 (OI, 415)

Mason 1726-1796, **Oliver Wolcott**, congressman, soldier, Major General militia, signed Declaration, Governor Connecticut 1796-1797, both father and son was also Governor of Connecticut

1726-1798, **Lewis Morris**, jurist, congressman, signed Declaration, first board of regents of Univ. of New York

1726-1806, **George Wythe**, attorney, Mayor of Williamsburg, congressman, Professor of Law at College of William and Mary first chair of law in a college in America 1779-1790

Mason 1727-1795, **Daniel Roberdeau**, merchant, congressman, manager of Pennsylvania Hospital 1756-1758, 1766-1776, Warden of Philadelphia 1756-1761, Brigadier General 1776, volunteered in Congress to establish mine 1778 and build Fort Reberdeau to protect

1727-1819, **William Samuel Johnson**, congressman, first president of Columbia College 1787-1800, helped organize Protestant Episcopal Church in America

Mason 1727-1820, **William Ellery**, attorney, sailor, signer of Declaration, active in abolishing slavery, congressman, record of being made a Mason in St. John's Lodge, Boston 10-12-1748, on rolls of St. John Lodge No. 4, Hartford, CT, 2-8-1763.

Mason 1728-1784, **Caesar Rodney**, congressman, soldier, Capt. of Kent County Militia 1756 Delaware, signed Declaration, rode 80 miles on horseback to vote for Independence just in time, Major General 1777, president of Delaware 1778-1782

1728-1814, **Mercy Otis Warren**, author, historian, sister of James Warren, author if *A History of the Rise, Progress, and Termination of the American Revolution* 1805

Mason 1729-1789, **Richard Caswell**, attorney, Major-General in state militia, Governor of North Carolina, member of Continental Congress, member of St. John's Lodge No. 3, New Bern, NC, deputy grand master of North Carolina on Dec. 11, 1787, and grand master Nov. 18, 1788.

Mason 1729-1795, **Josiah Bartlett**, physician, jurist, President (Governor) of New Hampshire 1790-1794, signed Declaration; **Mason** not known but letter to son Ezra said, "I attended a Mason meeting last night, and as soon as You can I wish you would join the Masons."

Mason 1730-1781, **Richard Stockton**, attorney, congressman, tutored Elias Boudinot, Joseph Reed, recruited Rev. Dr. John Witherspoon for president of Princeton 1768; Stockton was chosen for Supreme Court of New Jersey 1774-1776, Chief Justice 1776, signed Declaration

Mason 1730-1794, Baron **Frederick William Augustus von Steubun**, soldier in Pressian Army, sent by Benjamin Franklin to serve American Continental Army under Washington 1777, drilled troops at Valley Forge 1777-1778

1730-1796, **Daniel Carroll**, signed Constitution, helped with Bill of Rights

1731-1782, **Charles Lee**, soldier, Major-General in Continental Army, traitor helped British draw up plan to defeat America

Mason 1731-1796, **Samuel Huntington**, attorney, congressman

1731-1811, **William Williams**, congressman, soldier, judge, signed Declaration

Mason 1731-1814, Rev. **Robert Treat Paine, Clergyman**, attorney, congressman, judge of Massachusetts Supreme Court¹⁷

Mason 1732-1794, **Richard Henry Lee**, congressman, educated in England, made the resolution that led to the Declaration, proposing, “these States are of a right and ought to be free and independent States” (OI, 403), signed Declaration, authored first National Thanksgiving Day Proclamation issued by Congress 1777, helped frame Bill of Rights

Mason 1732-1799, **George Washington**, Commander-in-Chief and first U.S. President 1789 and known as the Father of His Country

1732-1802, **Martha Dandridge Custis Washington**, daughter of Colonel John Dandridge, after husband Daniel Parke Custis died, was one of the wealthiest in Virginia, and married George Washington in 1759

Mason 1732-1808, **John Dickinson**, attorney, soldier, Brigadier-General Pennsylvania Militia 1775-1777, know as the “Penman of the Revolution,” president of both Delaware and Pennsylvania and signed Constitution, but refused to sign Declaration thinking it premature, made Brigadier General of Delaware militia, fifth president of Delaware in 1781 and resigned in 1782 to become president of Pennsylvania; made and raised a master Mason in Lodge No. 18, Dover, Delaware under Pennsylvania charter

Mason 1732-1810, **William Cushing**, attorney, member of convention that formed the first state constitution of Massachusetts, appointed as original Chief Justice of Superior Court of MA 1777, first Chief Justice of the state under state constitution in 1780, and then **First Chief Justice** 1789 of Supreme Court by George Washington and administered oath to Washington to his 2nd term 1793; member of St. Andrew’s Lodge, Boston, MA

1733-1797, **James Duane**, attorney, district judge by Pres. George Washington 1789-1794

1733-1798, **George Read**, attorney, congressman, signed Declaration and Constitution (only 1 of 6), helped frame Bill of Rights, Chief Justice Delaware 1793-1798

1733-1804, Rev. **Joseph Priestly, Clergyman**, scientist, knew several languages, for French Revolution, moved to America

1733-1806, **Richard Law**, attorney, congressman, U.S. District Judge by George Washington, mayor of New London

Mason 1733-1810, **Benjamin Lincoln**, farmer, soldier, congressman, Major-General, handed General Cornwallis’ sword at his surrender at Battle of Yorktown, member of Society for Propagating the Gospel Among the Indians and Others 1794-1810

1733-1816, **Samuel Johnson**, attorney, congressman, helped frame Bill of Rights, first trustee of Univ. of North Carolina

1734-1802, **Robert Aitken**, publisher *Pennsylvania Magazine*

1734-1808, **Peter Sylvester**, attorney, congressman, county judge, regent for Univ. of New York, helped Bill of Rights

1734-1811, **Sephen Moylan**, soldier, businessman, became General George Washington’s aide, Brigadier General

¹⁷ Ronald E. Heaton, *Masonic Membership of the Founding Fathers* (Washington: Masonic Service Association, 1965; 164p.): 48, no doubt, was listed with 47 at Grand Lodge, but no record of where he was made a Mason; Heaton thinks it possible he was made a Mason in British regimental lodge.

Mason 1734-1817, **Thomas McKean**, attorney, congressman, signed Declaration, Chief Justice of Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, governor of Delaware 1777 and Pennsylvania 1799-1808

1734-1820, **Daniel Boone**, frontiersman, hunter, served with George Washington, 1735-1803, **James Beattie**, author, Professor of Moral Philosophy at Marischal College, author of *Nature and Immutability of Truth* refuting David Hume's work, which "pleased numerous of the Founding Fathers, particularly Benjamin Rush (1770)" (OI, 377).

Mason 1735-1818, **Paul Revere**, merchant, soldier, made famous midnight ride to warn patriots in Lexington and Concord of British attack and for Hancock and Adams to flee, made first official seal for the Colonies, made state seal for Massachusetts, made gunpowder, copper balls, first metal plating for frigates, the old iron-sides, wore uniforms of the Revolution every day until his death

Mason 1735-1826, **John Adams**, attorney, 2nd U.S. President; **Mason** St. John's No. 1, Portsmouth, NH

Mason 1736-1799, **Patrick Henry**, attorney, Secretary of State by George Washington, congressman, probably a Freemason.¹⁸

1736-1800, **Benjamin Huntington**, attorney, congressman, helped with Bill of Rights

Mason 1737-1789, **Ethan Allen**, soldier, author, Colonel by George Washington, Major-General; **Mason** thought to have received Windsor, VT, July 7, 1777, but may not, while brother was a member of Vermont Lodge No. 1

1737-1789, **Silas Deane**, attorney, minister to France, lost faith in America and accused of being a traitor for letters seeking reconciliation with England

Mason 1737-1791, **Francis Hopkinson**, attorney, congressman, first president of American Philosophical Society 1769, "author of the first purely American hymn book, setting the Psalms to music" (OI, 395)

Mason 1737-1793, **John Hancock**, soldier, first signer of Declaration, Major-General of Massachusetts Militia

1737-1798, **Jacob Duché**, Clergyman, Anglican, authored political sermons, asked for recall of Declaration, branded traitor, fled to Britain, later allowed to return

1737-1805, **John Pickering**, attorney, congressman, appointed U.S. Judge by George Washington

Mason 1737-1809, **Thomas Paine**, soldier, congressman, published *Common Sense* (1776), most widely read call for independence, *Rights of Man* (1787), and deistic *Age of Reason* which brought much criticism

¹⁸ See chapter above on Famous Freemasons for fuller note: on Patrick Henry (1736-1799) being a Freemason, Denslow in his *10,000 Famous Freemasons* said, "There are many references to his being a Freemason, particularly by grand lodge orators in the 1800's, but no satisfactory evidence of his membership. It is possible that he was a member of old Tappahannock Lodge of Virginia whose records are lost. There was at one time a Patrick Henry Lodge No. 140 in Partrick Co., Va. There is a Masonic apron in existence that is reported to have belonged to him. It was exhibited at one time in Lexington Lodge No. 1, Lexington, Ky."

1737-1832, **Charles Carroll**, farmer, signed Declaration, helped with Bill of Rights, longest lived of signers of Declaration

Mason 1738-1789, **Thomas Nelson, Jr.**, congressman, soldier, signed Declaration, commander-in-chief of State forces in Virginia 1777-1781, Governor of Virginia 1781 shortly and resigned

1738-1796, **Nathaniel Gorham**, merchant, congressman, signed Constitution

1738-1816, **Samuel Holton**, physician, congressman

Mason 1738-1824, **Rufus Putnam**, congressman, soldier, est. first settlement in Northwest Territory, Marietta, OH, appointed Judge in NW Territory by George Washington, known as Father of Ohio

1739-1800, **John Rutledge**, attorney, congressman, educated by clergyman father, signed Constitution, Supreme Court by George Washington 1789-1791, Chief Justice South Carolina, suffered periods of insanity ended his career

Mason 1739-1812, **George Clinton**, sailor, soldier, attorney, president of ratification convention of the Constitution, known as “Father of New York” (OI, 383), VP of U.S. 1805-1812, Brigadier General of American Revolution 1777, member of Warren Lodge No. 17, NYC, served as master 1800, represented lodge at Grand Steward’s Lodge on May 28, 1800, referred to as Past Master and honorary member of Courtland Lodge No. 34; many lodges were chartered as Clinton in New York

1740-1799, **William Paca**, attorney, congressman, signed Declaration, Governor of Maryland 1782-1785, appointed U.S. Judge by Pres. George Washington 1789-1799

1740-1821, **Elias Boudinot**, attorney, author, converted to Christianity during Great Awakening, signer of Declaration, first president of American Bible Society 1816-21, member New Jersey Bible Society 1818, published “*A Star in the West* (1816) in which he attempted to prove that the American Indians were the ten lost tribes of Israel” (OI, 379)

Mason 1741-1785, **Joseph Reed**, attorney, congressman, soldier, Washington’s military secretary, Chief Justice of Pennsylvania, said British offered

Mason 1741-1801, **Benedict Arnold**, soldier, druggist, bookseller; hero at Battle of Saratoga, turned traitor in plan to turn over West Point to British; **Mason** Hiram Lodge No. 1, New Haven CT; but May 16, 1781, Solomon Lodge No. 1, Poughkeepsie, NY, took him off for being a traitor

1741-1811, **Samuel Chase**, attorney, signed Declaration, appointed to Supreme Court by George Washington

1741-1811, **Thomas FitzSimons**, soldier, congressman, helped with Bill of Rights, founder of insurance company, trustee Univ. of Pennsylvania

Mason 1741-1819, **John Langdon**, congressman, helped with Bill of Rights, signed Constitution

1741-1821, **William Farley**, author, congressman

1742-1786, **Nathanael Green**, soldier, tutored in Latin and geometry, was Quaker until expelled, Brigadier-, Major-, than Quarter-Master General

Mason 1742-1790, **William Hooper**, attorney, signer of Declaration, congressman

Mason 1742-1798, **James Wilson**, attorney, educator, congressman, signed Declaration and Constitution (1 of 6), Supreme Court by George Washington 1789-1798, first Professor of Law in the College of Philadelphia 1790 and Univ. of Pennsylvania

1791, with Thomas McKean co-authored America's first commentaries on Constitution 1792

Mason 1742-1812, **Jonathan Bayard Smith**, congressman, soldier, trustee Princeton and Univ. of Pennsylvania, member American Philosophical Society

1743-1787, **Thomas Stone**, attorney, congressman, initially opposed Declaration because he hated war, but signed Declaration, helped craft Articles of Confederation 1778,

1743-1802, **John Lowell**, attorney, soldier, congressman, U.S. Federal Judge 1789-1802

1743-1811, **Francis Dana**, attorney, a "Son of Liberty" (OI, 384), member of Society for Propagating of the Gospel Among Indians and others 1787-1810

Mason? 1743-1826, **Thomas Jefferson**, attorney, congressman, principle author of Declaration of Independence, author of Statute of Virginia for Religious Freedom, 3rd U.S. President, helped found Univ. of Virginia 1819, known as Father of Univ. of Virginia

1744-1808, **James Sullivan**, attorney, congressman, helped with 11th amendment, member of Society for Propagating the Gospel Among the Indians and Others, principal founder of Massachusetts Historical Society

Mason 1744-1814, **Elbridge Gerry**, merchant, congressman, signer of Declaration

1744-1818, Abigail Adams, wife of John Adams

1744-1826, Luther Martin, attorney, congressman, refused to sign Constitution because it did not end slavery

1744-1826, Rev. **James Hall, Clergyman**, soldier, active in American Bible Society

Mason 1745-1790, **David Brearly**, attorney, arrested for treason by Great Britain, Chief Justice Supreme Court of New Jersey 1779, one of compilers of Episcopal Prayer book 1786; **Mason** first Grand Master of Masons of New Jersey from 1786 until death

1745-1799, **William Dawes**, merchant, tanner, one of famous midnight riders who road with Paul Revere 1775, who warned John Hancock and John Adams in time to save them

Mason 1745-1803, **John Barry**, sailor, soldier; **Mason** Lodge #2, Philadelphia, PA, 10-12-1795

Mason 1745-1806, **William Paterson**, attorney, congressman, founded literary society called Well-Meaning Society, signed Constitution, helped with Bill of Rights, appointed to Supreme Court by G. Washington 1793-1806

Mason 1745-1807, **Oliver Ellsworth**, congressman, to Supreme Court by George Washington, became Chief Justice, while a student at Princeton became charter member of St. John's Lodge at Princeton, NJ, 12-27-1765, studied theology then went into law, member of Constitutional Convention 1787, "it was through his insistence that the words 'national government' were removed from the draft and 'government of the United States' substituted."¹⁹

Mason 1745-1813, **Benjamin Rush**, physician, educator, congressman, signed Declaration, Surgeon General of Continental Army 1777-1778, one of principal co-authors of

¹⁹ See for starters William R. Denslow's *10,000 Famous Freemasons* (1957, 4v.): II:20.

Pennsylvania constitution 1789-1790, Treasurer of U.S. Mint under Pres. John Adams, Thomas Jefferson, and James Madison, founder of Pennsylvania Society for Promoting the Abolition of Slavery 1774, known as “Father of American Medicine” (OI, 419)²⁰

1745-1815, **Richard Bassett**, attorney, congressman

1745-1819, **Caleb Strong**, attorney, congressman, signed Constitution, VP American Bible Society

1745-1823, **John Treadwell**, attorney, congressman, Lt. Gov. Connecticut 1798-1809, Governor 1809-1811

Mason 1745-1829, **John Jay**, attorney, congressman, author first manual on military discipline 1777, with Alexander Hamilton and James Madison author of *Federalist Papers*, first Chief Justice of Supreme Court by George Washington, VP of American Bible Society 1816-1821 and president 1816-1821, member of American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions²¹

1745-1829, **Timothy Pickering**, attorney, soldier, congressman, Postmaster General under President George Washington, Secretary of State under Pres. John Adams

1746-1788, **William Churchill Houston**, Professor of Mathematics and Natural Philosophy at Princeton 1771, soldier, congressman

1746-1799, **Increase Sumner**, attorney, educator, congressman, Governor of Massachusetts 1797-1799, sworn in for third term on death bed

Mason 1746-1807, Rev. **John Peter Gabriel Muhlenberg**, **Clergyman**, soldier, congressman, Lutheran pasturing in Woodstock, VA, Major-General, helped frame Bill of Rights

1746-1825, **Charles Cotesworth Pinckney**, attorney, congressman, Brigadier General, signed Constitution, a founder of South Carolina College 1801, first president of Charleston Bible Society 1810-1825, VP of American Bible Society 1816-1825

Mason 1747-1812, **Gunning Bedford, Jr.**, attorney, soldier, appointed by U.S. Federal Judge by President George Washington; **Mason** Washington Lodge No. 14 raised Sept. 11, 1782 (now Delaware Lodge No. 1) and also served as master of the lodge

Mason 1748-1779, Count & General **Casimir Pulaski**, soldier, Brigadier General of Calvary, helped save Charleston, corner stone of grave in Savannah laid by Lafayette 1824

1748-1782, **Martha Jefferson**, wife of Thomas Jefferson, her second husband, died early after six children

1748-1808, **Jonathan Mitchell Sewell**, attorney, poet, orator, authored ballad “War and Washington” which became popular in Continental Army 1776, authored 3 odes sung to President Washington when he visited Portsmouth, New Hampshire 1789, authored “A Verification of President Washington’s Excellent Farewell Address” 1798, pronounced a eulogy after Washington’s death in December 1799

²⁰ Ronald E. Heaton places him in category II, of uncertain membership, but it is likely because of his close association with Washington; there is a card in the Grand Lodge of PN that makes reference to his “reported a member, but doubtful.”

²¹ William R. Denslow, *10,000 Famous Freemasons* (1957, 4v.), says there is no proof, but there are many of the time who thought it he was. And he wrote a letter to Washington with certain Freemasonry knowledge and sympathies. The same for Ronald E. Heaton, *Masonic Membership of the Founding Fathers* (Washington: Masonic Service Association, 1965; 164p.).

1748-1828, **William Few**, attorney, original trustee for Univ. of Georgia 1785, inspector of state prisons, president of Manhattan Bank 1804-1814

1749-1800, **William Blount**, congressman, conspirator to use British, Indians, and frontiersmen to take Florida and Louisiana from Spain in 1797, later became president of Tennessee

1749-1806, Rev. **Matthias Burnet**, **Clergyman**, pastor of Congregational church in Norwalk, CT

1749-1815, **David Ramsey**, congressman, physician, author, *History of the Revolution South Carolina* 1785, *History of the American Revolution* 1789, *Life of Washington* 1807, *History of the United States* published posthumously 1816-1817

1749-1822, **Jared Ingersoll**, congressman, judge

Mason 1750-1801, Rev. **Frederick Augustus Conrad Muhlenberg**, **Clergyman**, pastor of Christ German Lutheran congregation in New York 1773-1776, original speaker of U.S. House of Representatives 1789-1797 where he helped frame Bill of Rights

Mason 1750-1818, **Thomas Posey**, congressman, soldier, Brigadier General, VP American Bible Society

1750-1825, **William Gray**, merchant, soldier, congressman, VP American Bible Society

1750-1826, **Isaac Shelby**, congressman, soldier, moved a lot, helped General Andrew Jackson with treaty with Chickasaw Indians, VP American Bible Society

1750-1827, **William Phillips**, congressman, member of several Gospel societies, including VP for American Bible Society 1820-1827

Mason 1750-1831, **Stephen Girard**, sailor, underwrote 3 million dollars to capitalize State Bank of United States, became “sheet anchor” of government credit

1751-1799, **James Iredell**, attorney, appointed by George Washington to Supreme Court 1790-1799

Mason 1751-1824, Rev. **William Rogers**, **Clergyman**, educator, chaplain of Pennsylvania rifle regiment, militia, and legislature, Professor of Oratory and English Literature at College of Philadelphia 1789-1792, VP of Religious Historical Society of Philadelphia 1819

Mason 1751-1829, **Henry Dearborn**, physician, soldier, congressman, at Valley Forge, Major-General, Secretary of War under Thomas Jefferson, became a member on March 3, 1774, but was not made a master Mason until April 7, 1777 (a lot was happening between those years), was a visitor at American Union Lodge of CT, April 7, 1779, and several of his sons were named after his Mason friends

Mason 1751-1836, **James Madison**, congressman, signed Constitution, with Alexander Hamilton and John Jay author of the *Federalist Papers*, 2 terms as U.S. President 1809-1817²²

²² William R. Denslow, *10,000 Famous Freemasons* (1957, 4v.), cannot confirm, but indicates letter from John Francis Mercer, governor of Maryland, congratulating him on becoming one (a letter doubted) and a letter treasured by Dolly Madison where Madison took dinner with Andrew Jackson with Masons, and Heaton indicates one of the best sources were the anti-Mason attacks on Madison. Ronald E. Heaton, *Masonic* [Footnote continued on the next page ... do enjoy]

Mason 1752-1810, **Jacob Broom**, farmer, businessman, prepared maps for General George Washington prior to Battle of Brandywine 1777, drew the map for Washington, signed Constitution, Christian Ferry Lodge No. 14, and was secretary and treasurer and junior warden

1752-1816, **Gouverneur Morris**, attorney, congressman, soldier, signer of Constitution, most active of Constitutional Convention speaking 173 times known as “the penman of the Constitution” (OI, 409)

Mason 1752-1825, **John Brooks**, physician, soldier, president of Middlesex County Bible Society, Governor of Massachusetts 1816, re-elected 7 years in a row, friend of Washington, Washington Lodge No. 10

1752-1830, **John Davenport**, attorney, soldier, congressman

1752-1844, **Gabiel Duvall**, attorney, soldier, Comptroller under Pres. Thomas Jefferson, to Supreme Court by Pres. James Madison 1811-1835

Mason 1753-1813, **Edmund Randolph**, attorney, congressman, voice in Bill of Rights, first Attorney General of U.S. by Pres. George Washington, Secretary of State under Pres. George Washington

Mason 1753-1816, **James McHenry**, physician, soldier, congressman, military secretary to George Washington, Secretary of War under Pres. George Washington and John Adams, founder and president of Baltimore Bible Society 1813

1753-1822, **William Jones**, merchant, soldier, congressman, Governor Rhode Island 1811-1817, president of Rhode Island Bible Society, VP American Bible Society

Mason 1753-1823, **Joseph Bloomfield**, attorney, educated at Rev. Enoch Green’s Classical Academy, Captain in New Jersey, personally carried Declaration of Independence to Fort Stanwix in 1776, member of New Jersey Bible Society, made Brigadier-General by President James Madison; **Mason** Bristol Lodge No. 25, Bristol, PA, served as master 1782; affiliated with Trenton Lodge No. 5, Trenton, NJ, in 1790, grand master of the Grand Lodge of New Jersey 1789-80

1753-1834, **Jonas Galusha**, soldier, Governor of Vermont, member of Baptist Church, VP American Bible Society

Mason 1754-1807, **Abraham Baldwin, Minister**, Professor of Divinity at Yale, chaplain in Revolutionary Army 1777-83, “Father of University of Georgia” (OI, 375) Affiliate of American Revolutionary Lodge

Mason 1754-1812, **Joel Barlow, Minister**, author, poet, epic poem *The Vision of Columbus* 1807; President of Bank of Washington; **Mason** St. John’s Lodge No. 4, Hartford, CT, “admitted” probably affiliate, Jan. 9, 1788

1754-1837, **John Hamilton**, soldier, Major-General, congressman

1754-1841, **Joseph Nourse**, soldier, congressman, VP American Bible Society

1755-1795, **William Gradford, Theologian**, attorney, soldier, Attorney General of Pennsylvania, made U.S. Attorney by President George Washington in 1794

Mason 1755-1827, **Rufus King**, attorney, soldier, congressman, helped with Bill of Rights, minister to Great Britain by Pres. George Washington and later by Pres. John Quincy Adams, manager of American Bible Society

Mason 1755-1835, **John Marshall**, attorney, soldier, congressman, Secretary of State under Pres. John Adams, appointed Chief Justice to Supreme Court by Pres. John Adams, his unorthodox ruling in 1803 *Marbury v. Madison* made him principal founder of judicial review, VP American Bible Society, officer of American Sunday School Union

Mason 1756-1818, **Henry Lee**, soldier, became part of first Continental Dragoons 1777, Lt. Colonel, pronounces George Washington as “first in war, first in peace, and first in the hearts of his countrymen” (OI, 403), father of Robert E. Lee

1756-1827, **William Tilgham**, congressman, loyalist, appointed by Pres. John Adams as “midnight judge” (OI, 425), trustee Univ. of Pennsylvania, Chief Justice Pennsylvania, VP American Bible Society, last ten years of his life refused to wear any clothes not made in U.S.

1756-1831, **Andrew Kirkpatrick**, attorney, believer in capital punishment and whipping post, VP New Jersey Bible Society 1810, trustee of Princeton Theological Seminary, VP American Bible Society 1818-1831

Mason 1757-1804, **Alexander Hamilton**, attorney, soldier, with James Madison and John Jay author of *Federalist Papers*, aid to George Washington, Major-General, called Aaron Burr dangerous and was killed by Burr in duel 1804²³

1757-1832, **Robert Troup**, attorney, congressman, judge, helped found Geneva (now Hobart) College 1822, VP American Bible Society

Mason 1757-1834, **Marquies de Lafayette**, Captain in French dragoons 1774, joined Continental Army in America 1777 as Major-General without pay, longtime friend of George Washington, helped get France’s support, played role in French Revolution, returned for final tour of America at request of Pres. James Monroe 1824; was a lifetime member of the American Sunday School Union, known as “Hero of two worlds” and “America’s Marquis” (OI, 401)

1758-1799, Rev. **Chandler Robbins, Clergyman**, pastor of church in Plymouth 1759-1799, 1795 church had 2,500 members and was believed to be largest in Massachusetts

Mason 1758-1802, **John Vining**, attorney, congressman, helped Bill of Rights

Mason 1758-1802, **Richard Dobbs Spaight**, congressman, soldier, signed Constitution

1758-1803, **James T. Callender**, wrote *History of the United States* (1796), tried for sedition, accused Jefferson of dishonesty, cowardice, and immorality

1758-1808, **Fisher Ames**, congressman, “chosen by the Legislature of Massachusetts to deliver the oration at the death of George Washington (1800)” and “considered one of America’s premier and most elegant orators” (OI, 375) and declined presidency of Harvard

²³ William R. Denslow, *10,000 Famous Freemasons* (1957, 4v.), cannot confirm, but gives evidence of presence at a lodge likely to him (only one of that name commissioned by Washington) and his son was a member and past master. Ronald E. Heaton, *Masonic Membership of the Founding Fathers* (1965; 164p.), notes the lack of certain evidence.

Mason 1758-1831, **James Monroe**, attorney, soldier, congressman, Secretary of State under Pres. James Madison, 5th U.S. President for 2 terms 1816-1925

1758-1843, **Noah Webster**, attorney, educator, congressman, published *Grammatical Institute of the English Language*, America's first speller 1783-1785, began copyright campaign, visited with Ben Franklin in Philadelphia for 10 months on Americanization of spelling and wrote *Dissertations on the English Language* 1789 and *The American Dictionary of the English Language* 1828, helped found Amherst College

1759-1823, **Zephaniah Swift**, attorney, congressman, author, first American legal text *System of Laws in Connecticut*, member of Abolition Society 1795, Chief Justice Connecticut 1806-1819,

1759-1842, **Jeremiah Smith**, attorney, soldier, congressman, Chief Justice New Hampshire

Mason 1760-1824, Jonathan Dayton, attorney, soldier, Captain in Continental Army 1776-83, congressman, probably member of Temple Lodge No. 1, was present at Grand Lodge of New Jersey on Dec. 30, 1788

1760-1831, **Richard Allen, Clergyman**, est. Free African Society, 1787, helped "frame Bill of Rights" and ordained a deacon in an independent Black Methodist church which he helped found (1799), considered the founder and first Bishop of the African Methodist Episcopal (A.M.E.) denomination



B. Founding Era - 1760-1805 - Men 16 Years Old+ by 1789

24 with 8 Freemasons, for 33% — Men Born 1761+ & Before 1774: 16 Years Old+ by 1789

1761-1816, **Samuel Dexter**, attorney, congressman, member of Society for Propagating the Gospel Among the Indians and Others

1762-1829, **Bushrod Washington**, attorney, soldier, congressman, nephew of George Washington, signed Declaration, Supreme Court by Pres. John Adams, executor of Washington's will and inherited Mt. Vernon, supervised John Marshall's *Life of George Washington*, VP American Bible Society, one of original VP's of American Sunday School Union

1762-1830, **William Giles**, attorney, governor of Virginia

1762-1848, Rev. **Ashbel Green, Clergyman**, soldier, minister at Second Presbyterian Church of Philadelphia 1787-1812, chaplain of Congress 1792-1800, wrote historic declaration against slavery, author of plan for Princeton Theological Seminary

1763-1816, **George Madison**, soldier, congressman, Governor of Kentucky, VP American Bible Society

1763-1837, Rev. **Abiel Holmes, Clergyman**, Congregationalist, pastor of First Church in Cambridge 1792-1829, historian *Annals of America from the Discovery of Columbus in the Year 1492 to the Year 1826*, first extensive attempt at a history, father of Oliver Wendell Holmes

1763-1847, **James Kent**, attorney, congressman, known as the "Father of American Jurisprudence" (OI, 399) along with Justice Joseph Story

Mason 1761-1811, **William Eaton**, soldier, Capt. in U.S. Army, Consul to Tunis by President John Adams, Naval Agent to Barbary States by President Thomas Jefferson, elected to Massachusetts legislature 1807, made a Freemason in North Star Lodge,

Manchester, VT, 1792, wrote a eulogy for George Washington, the last verse concludes, “Approving Heaven, with fostering hand, Gave Masons triumph through this land; And firmly to secure our craft, From bigot rage and envy’s shaft, Sent a Grand Master, Freedom’s son, The God-like patriot, Washington!”²⁴

1765-1834, **Charles Goldsborough**, attorney, congressman, VP American Bible Society 1819-1834

Mason 1765-1845, John Cotton Smith, attorney, congressman, Justice Supreme Court Connecticut, first president of Connecticut Bible Society, VP American Bible Society 1816-1831 and president 1831-1845, member American Board of Foreign Missions 1826-1845

1766-1835, **James Brown**, attorney, diplomat, ministry to France by President James Monroe (1823-29), VP American Bible Society

Mason 1767-1845, **Andrew Jackson**, attorney, congressman, 17th U.S. President 1767-1848, **John Quincy Adams**, attorney, known as “Old Man Eloquent” for defense of antislavery cause and “the Hell-Hound of Slavery” for intense opposition of slavery, 6th U.S. President (OI, 374)

1768-1843, **Smith Thompson**, attorney, congressman, Chief Justice New York, Supreme Court by Pres. James Monroe and opposed Chief Justice John Marshall on many issues, VP American Bible Society 1816-1830

Mason 1769-1828, **Dewitt Clinton**, attorney, Governor of N.Y., 1817-21, 1825-28; manager and VP American Bible Society (1816-27), raised a master Mason in Holland Lodge No. 16 (now No. 8) Sept. 3, 1790, serving as master in 1793, then grand master of Masons of the Grand Lodge of New York 1806-1819, knighted in the Holland Lodge May 17, 1792, served grand commander of Knights Templar of NY from 1814-1828

1771-1834, **William Johnson**, attorney, appointed to Supreme Court by Thomas Jefferson 1772-1820, **James Berrill, Jr.**, attorney, congressman

Mason 1772-1834, **William Wirt**, attorney, author, congressman, U.S. Attorney by Pres. James Madison, prosecutor in Aaron Burr conspiracy trial, best known as author of *Sketches of the Life and Character of Patrick Henry* 1818, U.S. Attorney General by Pres. James Monroe 1817-1829, was the presidential candidate for the Anti-Mason Party 1832, early manager of American Sunday School Union, VP American Bible Society

Mason 1772-1849, Rev. **David Lawrence Morril, Clergyman**, studied medicine, pastor of Presbyterian Church of Goffstown 1802-1811, VP American Bible Society 1821-1830, manager in American Sunday School Union

1772-1853, **Charles Caldwell**, physician, author, “first introducer of true medical science into the Mississippi Valley” (OI, 381)

²⁴ William R. Denslow’s *10,000 Famous Freemasons* (1957, 4v.): II:3-4; David Barton, *Original Intent—The Courts, the Constitution, and Religion* (1997; 534p.): 387p., with no mention of Freemasonry connection.

Mason 1773-1827, **Thomas Worthington**, congressman, Governor, VP American Bible Society 1816-1827
1773-1833, **John Randolph of Roanoke**, congressman, diplomat, descendent of John Rolfe and Pocahontas, minister to Russian by Pres. Andrew Jackson 1830
Mason 1774-1825, **Daniel Tompkins**, congressman, judge, Secretary of State under Pres. James Madison 1814, VP under Pres. James Monroe
1774-1844, Rev. **Abner Kneeland, Clergyman**, Universalist, congressman, translated N.T., liberal, pastor of Second Universalist Society 1827, expounded pantheism in *Boston Investigator* 1831, tried and convicted of both libel and blasphemy

C. Founding Era - 1760-1805 -Younger than 16 Years Old by 1789

10 with 4 Freemasons, for 40% — Men Born 1775, Not *Founders* But Children at Founding, Younger than 16 Years Old by 1789

1775-1850, circa, **William Marbury**, JP of D.C. under President John Adams; sued James Madison in 1803 *Marbury v. Madison* which jurists claim validated principle of judicial review
1776-1861, Walter Jones, attorney, Brigadier-General
Mason 1777-1840, **Felix Grundy**, attorney, congressman
1778-1844, **William Gaston**, attorney, congressman, VP American Bible Society
1779-1843, **Francis Scott Key**, attorney, author of National Anthem, “The Star-Spangled Banner”, manager and VP for American Sunday School Union from inception to his death 1791-1843, and VP of American Bible Society
Mason 1779-1845, **Joseph Story**, attorney, congressman, “grew up being strongly instructed in the principles of American liberty since his father was one of ‘Indians’ in the Boston Tea Party (1773)” (OI, 423), delivered eulogy on death of Washington 1800, Supreme Court by Pres. James Madison 1811-1845, considered founder of Harvard Law School, Professor of Law 1829-1845, “considered one of the most prolific judicial writers” (OI, 424), in 34 years on Supreme Court authored 286 with 269 being majority opinions, with Chancellor James Kent considered “Father of American Jurisprudence” (OI, 424)
1780-1842, Rev. **William Ellery Channing, Clergyman**, Unitarian, opponent of slavery, Federal Street Church, Boston (1803-42), opposed to Calvinism
Mason 1782-1852, **Daniel Webster**, attorney, congressman, Secretary of State 1841-1843, 1850-1852
1787-1850, Rev. **William Cogswell, Clergyman**, trustee of Andover Theological Seminary (1837)
Mason 1788-1857, **Albion Parris**, attorney, congressman, Governor Maine 1821-1826, second comptroller of U.S. Treasury 1836-1850

D. Founding Era - 1760-1805 -NOT Founders or New Residents

5 — 16 Years Old & Older in 1776 - But NOT Founders, NOT New American Residents

1711-1776, **David Hume**, Scottish philosopher, soldier, many theories harshly criticized by founding Fathers, author of *A Treatise on Human Nature* (1739)

- 1723-1780, Sir **William Blackstone**, attorney, famous his 4-volume *Commentaries on the Laws of England*, “probably more respected in America than in Great Britain and they became the premier legal work used by the Founders” (OI, 377)
- 1735-1794, **Beccaria** (Cesare Beccaria-Bonesana), attorney, educated Jesuit college at Parma, reformer of Italy’s judicial code
- 1738-1816, Rev. **Bishop Richard Watson, Clergyman**, England, educator, scientist, author, Professor of Chemistry 1764, Professor of the Regius Chair of Divinity 1771 Trinity College, answered Gibbon’s attack on Christianity in Gibbon’s *Rise and Fall of the Roman Empire* 1776, was one of two opponents Gibbons respected, authored *Apology for the Bible* against Thomas Paine’s work 1796, opposed to war with America and denounced slave trade
- 1738-1820, **King George III**, King of Great Britain during American Revolution



E. Outside Founding Era - Born Before 1760

27

- 0095-0046, B.C., **Cato** (Marcus Porcius Cato), Roman Philosopher, fought with Spartacus, became Tribune 67 B.C.
- 0350-0430, B.C., **Plutarch**, Greek philosopher who studied under Aristotle and Plato, believed reason basis of all consciousness, “pure intelligence of God” (OI, 414), author of *Morals*
- 1100-1155, **Gratian, Clergyman**, theologian, order of St. Benedict, his *Harmony of Conflicting Canons* also known as *Gratian’s Decrees* “was at the time thought by Popes and Bishops to be the most important book on church law; is considered the ‘Father of Canon Law’” (OI, 392)
- 1320-1384, **John Wycliffe, Clergyman**, master of Balliol College, England, “discovered that a relationship with God could be obtained without help of a priest or sacraments” (OI, 432), taught Scriptures were supreme authority, Rome pronounced him heretic, first person to try to translate Bible into English, after death full translation of Latin Vulgate into English 1388, followers became Lollards with John Huss spread Wycliffe teachings to nearly a national religion, known as “The Morning Star of the Reformation” (OI, 433) and Luther quoted from him a lot
- 1373-1415, **John Huss, Clergyman**, Catholic Priest, Bohemian reformer, study of Scripture
- 1451-1506, **Christopher Columbus**, 1492 sailed to America
- 1483-1546, Rev. **Martin Luther, Clergyman**, responsible for the Protestant Reformation
- 1490-1536, **William Tyndale, Clergyman**, theologian, trans. N.T., completed octavo edition 1526, author of *Parable of the Wicked Mammon* and *Obedience of a Christian Man* two main principles of the English Reformation and argued for supremacy of Scriptures
- 1533-1592, **Michel de Montaigne**, attorney, congressman, in France
- 1550-1650, circa, **Puritans**, sought strict religious life, purify Church of England

- 1552-1618, Sir **Walter Raleigh**, England, sailor, explorer, given 40,000 acres in Ireland, first settlers on Roanoke Island 1585, of second trip, Virginia Dare was born, becoming first English child born on American continent, eventually est. Jamestown, first permanent est. on continent
- 1553-1600, Rev. **Richard Hooker**, **Clergyman**, theologian, political philosopher, *The Laws of Ecclesiastical Polity* and considered the “Father of Anglicanism” (OI, 395)
- 1579-1633, Father **Andrew White**, **Clergyman**, English mission field, exiled to France, entered Society of Jesus (1605-1609), Professor of Theology, wrote famous *Declaration Coloniae* which provided purposes of colonies and terms of settlers, known as “The Apostle of Maryland” (OI, 430)
- 1583-1645, **Hugo Grotius**, **Clergyman**, attorney, one of the founders of international law, with publication of *On the Law of War and Peace* 1625
- 1588-1649, **John Winthrop**, attorney, congressman, “first Governor of Massachusetts Bay Colony because he wanted to establish a Bible Commonwealth free from the ‘corruption’ of the Church of England” 1629-1634, 1637-1640, 1642-1644, 1646-1649, (OI, 431), est. first Church in Boston, wrote *History of New England*
- 1603-1684, **Roger Williams**, **Clergyman**, emigrated to Purity Colony 1624, non-conformist and extreme separatist, insisted on complete repudiation of Church of England, pastored Plymouth 1632-1633, Salem in defiance of General Court 1634, convicted of spreading “dangerous opinions” 1635 (OI, 430), founded Providence and Colony of Rhode Island on basis of complete religious toleration 1636, founded first Baptist church in America 1639, got patent on Rhode Island from England 1643, 1st President of Rhode Island 1654-1657
- 1605-1675, **Cecilius Calvert**, charter for Maryland, granting him “rights of a feudal sovereign” but never visited
- 1620-1700, **Pilgrims**, means wanderer, typically Congregational in belief, “spiritual form of church government they embraced was closer to that of a republic than that of a monarchy or oligarchy” (OI, 413-414)
- 1632-1694, **Samuel de Puffendorf**, **Clergyman**, Sweden, Lutheran, congressman, political philosopher, published complete system of universal law 1660, *Eight Books on the Law of Nature and Nations* 1672 and summary *On the Duty of Man and Citizen* 1673, became historian for Swedish King 1677
- 1632-1704, **John Locke**, **Clergyman**, political philosopher, Theologian, author, *Letter Concerning Toleration* (1689), *An Essay Concerning Human Understanding* (1693), and *The Reasonableness of Christianity* (1695)—not necessarily clergy
- 1637-1715, **Charles Calvert**, 2nd proprietor of Maryland
- 1644-1718, **William Penn**, **Clergyman**, congressman, est. government of and became Governor of Pennsylvania, “holy experiment” (OI, 412)
- 1658-1743, Rev. **James Blair**, **Clergyman**, Episcopal, missionary to Virginia, helped found and became president of William and Mary College (1692)
- 1688-1747, Rev. **Jonathan Dickinson**, **Clergyman**, pastor of Congregational church at Elizabethtown, NJ, 40 years, first president of College of New Jersey, later Princeton
- 1689-1755, **Charles Louis Secondat Baron de la Brede et de Montesquieu**, political philosopher in France, author *The Spirit of Laws* (1748), his theory of three distinct forms of government, “the separation of powers,” and “checks and balances” became part of American constitutional philosophy

1689-1781, **Farfaxes**, William, George, Sarrah Cary Fairfax, landowner, President of Council on Virginia

1703-1758, Rev. **Jonathan Edwards, Clergyman**, Congregationalist, leader of Great Awakening, president of Princeton



F. Outside Founding Era - Born After 1773, Children <16 Years 1789

38

1791-1873, **Peter Vroom**, attorney, congressman, judge, Governor of New Jersey 1829, 1831, 1833-1836, Chief Justice New Jersey 1853, VP American Bible Society, VP American Colonization Society, member of American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions

Mason 1792-1875, **Charles Finney, Clergyman**, Mason then anti-Mason, attorney, 1821 religious experience, revivals spread through New York, New England, 1824-1834, weekly *New York Evangelist*, president of Oberlin College, abolitionist and **anti-Mason**, yet had received degrees in Meridian Sun Lodge No. 32, Warren, CT, 1816, served as secretary pro tem at 2-24-1820, discharged at his own request on 5-6-1824 when he received his license to as a minister by St. Lawrence Presbytery; he even published anti-Masonic newspaper *The Christian Cynosure* with David Blanchard and Bishop David Edwards in formation of National Christian Association 1868 whose purpose was to oppose all secret societies, and this grew into the American Party in 1872 which was short lived; dissension and jealousies in ranks made movement die

1795-1858, **Dred Scott**, slave on Virginia plantation of Captain Peter Blow, passed to several owners, wealthy sons of Blow filled suits in Missouri State courts to free Scott, Supreme Court ruled could not free him while in another state, later emancipated by Taylor Blow

1801-1841, **Napoleon Achille Murat**, congressman, accompanied Lafayette on final tour of America 1824, alderman of Tallahassee 1824 and mayor in 1825

1802-1876, **Harriet Martineau**, England, deaf, author, *Society in America* from visit 1834-1836

1803-1882, **Ralph Waldo Emerson, Clergyman**, Unitarian, Second Unitarian Church Bonston 1829, abolitionists, formed Transcendental Club 1836, “leading figure in removing all vestiges of Christianity from Unitarianism by the introduction of mysticism and transcendentalism into that movement” (OI, 388)

1805-1859, **Alexis Henri Charles Maurice Clerel Comte de Tocqueville**, French observer of America, wrote *De la Démocratie en Améerique (Democracy in America)* and “wrote first book of reasoned politics on democratic government in America and concluded that equality of condition was the foundation of American democracy and was amazed that without violence America had been transformed from what was essentially aristocratic rule to a more extended suffrage” (OI, 426)

1809-1865, **Abraham Lincoln**, attorney, 16th U.S. President

1809-1894, **Robert Winthrop**, attorney, congressman, member of Massachusetts Historical Society 1839-1894

1823-1896, **Charles Carleton Coffin**, author, congressman

1826-1906, **Christopher Columbus Langdell**, attorney, Dane Professor of Law at Harvard Law School 1870-1895, originator of case-law method of study from Darwin's thesis of evolution as applied to law, where decisions by judges become standard of law rather than literal wording of the Constitution

Mason 1831-1881, **James A. Garfield**, **Clergyman**, attorney, Christian Church, Professor of Ancient Languages and Literature in Hiram College, Ohio 1856, president 1857-1861, congressman, Civil War Brigadier-General, 12th President of U.S.

1831-1900, **William Wirt Henry**, attorney, congressman, compiler of work of Patrick Henry

Mason 1833-1899, **Robert Ingersol**, attorney, soldier, congressman, known as "The Great Agnostic" (OI, 397), for following Darwinism and humanistic rationalism

1841-1932, **Oliver Wendell Holmes**, attorney, appointed Supreme Court by Theodore Roosevelt 1902-1932

1856-1941, **Louis Brandis**, attorney, to Supreme Court by President Woodrow Wilson

1862-1948, **Charles Evans Hughes**, congressman, Governor of New York 1906-1910, appointed Chief Justice Supreme Court by Pres. Herbert Hoover

1870 - 1938, **Benjamin Cardozo**, attorney, Supreme Court by Pres. Herbert Hoover, judicial positivism

Mason 1870-1964, **Roscoe Pound**, attorney, legal scholar, dean of Harvard Divinity 1899-1903, helped Taiwan judicial system, legal positivist, shared with Learned Hand reputation of being nation's leading jurist outside of the U.S. Supreme Court

1874-1948, **Charles Beard**, and wife Mary (1876-1958), historians, political scientists, authors, including *History of the United States* (1921) and *Rise of American Civilization* (1942)

1874-1950, **William E. Woodward**, author, VP and director of several banks, *New American History*, considered by many to be blatant revisionist

1878-1949, **James Truslow Adams**, historian

1882-1965, **Felix Frankfurter**, attorney, Professor of Law Harvard 1914, founder of ACLU 1920, advisor to FDR, appointed to Supreme Court 1939-1962

1891-1974, **Earl Warren**, attorney, first to win both Democratic and Republican nomination for Governor 1946, Supreme Court by Pres. Dwight D. Eisenhower 1952, Chief Justice 1953-1969, chairman of investigation of assassination of President Kennedy, liberal to extreme on civil liberties, helping to reshape Constitution into evolving document, involved in Court "assault on public religious expressions" (OI, 428)

Mason 1892-1954, **Robert Houghwout Jackson**, attorney, appointed by FDR to general counsel to Bureau of Internal Revenue 1934, Attorney General under FDR, appointed to International Military Tribunal for Nürmberg Trials by Pres. Harry S. Truman 1945

1898-1980, **William Orville Douglas**, attorney, author, appointed by Pres. Franklin Roosevelt to Supreme Court and stayed longer than any in history (1939-1975), wrote *Almanac of Liberty* 1954

1900-1989, **Claude Pepper**, attorney, congressman, sponsored bill that halted mandatory retirement for most Federal employees

- 1906-1990, circa, **William Brennan**, attorney, Supreme Court by President Dwight Eisenhower 1956-1990, “believed that the Constitution’s meaning should evolve to fit the changing standards of society; he struck down school prayer, upheld flag desecration, and upheld abortion” (OI, 380)
- 1907-1995, **Warren Burger**, attorney, to Supreme Court by Richard Nixon, moderate, controversial on abortion, affirmative action, separation of church and state
- 1908-1993, **Thurgood Marshall**, attorney, first African American to Supreme Court by Pres. Lyndon Johnson 1967-1992, liberal, affirmed right to have obscene material, opposed death penalty
- 1913-2000, circa, **George Smathers**, attorney, soldier, congressman
- 1915-1985, **Potter Stewart**, attorney, sailor, congressman, Supreme Court by Pres. Dwight De. Eisenhower 1958-1981, swing vote, moderate and at times liberal
- 1917-2000, circa, **Byron White**, attorney, sailor, congressman, was “Whizzer” for abilities as a running back, Supreme Court by Pres. John F. Kennedy
- 1920-2000, circa, **John Paul Steven**, attorney, sailor, Seventh Circuit by Pres. Gerald Ford, Supreme Court 1975, liberal and conservative on issues
- 1924-2005, **William Rehnquist**, attorney, Supreme Court by Pres. Richard Nixon 1972, to Chief Justice by Pres. Ronald Regan 1986, considered conservative and Court’s best historical scholars
- 1936-2000, **Anthony Mcloed Kennedy**, attorney, appointed Supreme Court by Pres. Ronald Regan
- 1936-2005, circa, **Antonin Scalia**, attorney, Supreme Court by Pres. Ronald Regan 1986, conservative
- 1948-2005, circa, **Clarence Thomas**, attorney, Supreme Court by Pres. George Bush 1991, approved by smallest margin in over 100 years, conservative on all issues upholding original intent



G. Clergymen = 48 in Barton

48 - 15 Before 1776; 28 \geq 16 Years Old in 1776; 5 \leq 16 Years Old in 1789

- 1100-1155, **Gratian, Clergyman**, theologian, order of St. Benedict, his *Harmony of Conflicting Canons* also known as *Gratian’s Decrees* “was at the time thought by Popes and Bishops to be the most important book on church law; is considered the ‘Father of Canon Law’” (OI, 392)
- 1320-1384, **John Wycliffe, Clergyman**, master of Balliol College, England, “discovered that a relationship with God could be obtained without help of a priest or sacraments” (OI, 432), taught Scriptures were supreme authority, Rome pronounced him heretic, first person to try to translate Bible into English, after death full translation of Latin Vulgate into English 1388, followers became Lollards with John Huss spread Wycliffe teachings to nearly a national religion, known as “The Morning Star of the Reformation” (OI, 433) and Luther quoted from him a lot

- 1373-1415, **John Huss, Clergyman**, Catholic Priest, Bohemian reformer, study of Scripture
- 1483-1546, Rev. **Martin Luther, Clergyman**, responsible for the Protestant Reformation
- 1490-1536, **William Tyndale, Clergyman**, theologian, trans. N.T., completed octavo edition 1526, author of *Parable of the Wicked Mammon* and *Obedience of a Christian Man* two main principles of the English Reformation and argued for supremacy of Scriptures
- 1553-1600, Rev. **Richard Hooker, Clergyman**, theologian, political philosopher, *The Laws of Ecclesiastical Polity* and considered the “Father of Anglicanism” (OI, 395)
- 1579-1633, Father **Andrew White, Clergyman**, English mission field, exiled to France, entered Society of Jesus (1605-1609), Professor of Theology, wrote famous *Declaration Coloniae* which provided purposes of colonies and terms of settlers, known as “The Apostle of Maryland” (OI, 430)
- 1583-1645, **Hugo Grotius, Clergyman**, attorney, one of the founders of international law, with publication of *On the Law of War and Peace* 1625
- 1603-1684, **Roger Williams, Clergyman**, emigrated to Purity Colony 1624, non-conformist and extreme separatist, insisted on complete repudiation of Church of England, pastored Plymouth 1632-1633, Salem in defiance of General Court 1634, convicted of spreading “dangerous opinions” 1635 (OI, 430), founded Providence and Colony of Rhode Island on basis of complete religious toleration 1636, founded first Baptist church in America 1639, obtained patent on Rhode Island from England 1643, first President of Rhode Island 1654-1657
- 1632-1694, **Samuel de Puffendorf, Clergyman**, Sweden, Lutheran, congressman, political philosopher, published complete system of universal law 1660, *Eight Books on the Law of Nature and Nations* 1672 and summary *On the Duty of Man and Citizen* 1673, became historian for Swedish King 1677
- 1632-1704, **John Locke, Clergyman**, political philosopher, Theologian, author, *Letter Concerning Toleration* (1689), *An Essay Concerning Human Understanding* (1693), and *The Reasonableness of Christianity* (1695)—not necessarily clergy
- 1644-1718, **William Penn, Clergyman**, congressman, est. government of and became Governor of Pennsylvania, “holy experiment” (OI, 412)
- 1658-1743, Rev. **James Blair, Clergyman**, Episcopal, missionary to Virginia, helped found and became president of William and Mary College (1692)
- 1688-1747, Rev. **Jonathan Dickinson, Clergyman**, pastor of Congregational church at Elizabethtown, NJ, 40 years, first president of College of New Jersey, later Princeton
- 1703-1758, Rev. **Jonathan Edwards, Clergyman**, Congregationalist, leader of Great Awakening, president of Princeton
- ≥16 in 1776 - 4 of 28 Clergy Freemasons, for 14%-----
- 1710-1785, Rev. **Jonathan Trumbull, Clergyman**, businessman, judge, congressman, minister church in Colchester, CT, Governor Connecticut 1769-1784, only Colonial Governor who served from start to finish of American Revolution, “probably contributed more to the Revolution in the way of arms, munitions, supplies, men, etc., than any other Governor; was a close counsel of General Washington throughout the War” (OI, 427)
- 1711-1779, **Eleazer Wheelock, Clergyman**, popular preacher in Great Awakening, educated Indians, est. Dartmouth 1770 and remained president until death

1715-1757, Rev. **Aaron Burr, Clergyman**, Presbyterian and college president, called to First Church of Newark, involved in revivals of Great Awakening 1746

1715-1766, Rev. **Samuel Farley, Clergyman**, taught Benjamin Rush, president of Princeton 1761-1766

1716-1778, **Phillip Livingston**, merchant, congressman, signed Declaration, president of the New York Provincial Convention

1720-1766, Rev. **Jonathan Mayhew, Clergyman**, pastor of West Church, Boston 1747, preached Christianity on Scriptures and not Calvinism, defender of civil liberty, including on sermon after repeal of Stamp Act titled *The Snare Broken* 1766, well thought of by patriots including John Adams

1723-1761, Rev. **Samuel Davies, Clergyman**, influential in Great Awakening, Presbyterian, President of Princeton after friend, Jonathan Edwards

1723-1794, **John Witherspoon, Clergyman**, congressman, Presbyterian, Calvinist churchman, President of Princeton 1768-1776, signed Declaration, author of theological work

1724-1790, Rev. **Lyman Hall, Clergyman**, physician, congressman, signer of Declaration

1725-1783, Rev. **Samuel Cooper, Clergyman**, pastor of puritan Brattle Square Church in Boston 1747, declined presidency of Harvard 1774, British often ordered his arrest for advocating American Independence, “close friend of Adams, Franklin, and other patriots” (OI, 385)

1731-1814, Rev. **Robert Treat Paine, Clergyman**, attorney, congressman, judge of Massachusetts Supreme Court

1733-1804, Rev. **Joseph Priestly, Clergyman**, scientist, knew several languages, for French Revolution, moved to America

1737-1798, **Jacob Duché, Clergyman**, Anglican, authored political sermons, asked for recall of Declaration, branded traitor, fled to Britain, later allowed to return

1738-1816, Rev. **Bishop Richard Watson, Clergyman**, England, educator, scientist, author, Professor of Chemistry 1764, Professor of the Regius Chair of Divinity 1771 Trinity College, answered Gibbon’s attack on Christianity in Gibbon’s *Rise and Fall of the Roman Empire* 1776, was one of two opponents Gibbons respected, authored *Apology for the Bible* against Thomas Paine’s work 1796, opposed to war with America and denounced slave trade

1744-1826, Rev. **James Hall, Clergyman**, soldier, active in American Bible Society

Mason, 1746-1807, Rev. **John Peter Gabriel Muhlenberg, Clergyman**, soldier, congressman, Lutheran pasturing in Woodstock, VA, Major-General, helped frame Bill of Rights

1749-1806, Rev. **Matthias Burnet, Clergyman**, pastor of Congregational church in Norwalk, CT

Mason, 1750-1801, Rev. **Frederick Augustus Conrad Muhlenberg, Clergyman**, pastor of Christ German Lutheran congregation in New York 1773-1776, original speaker of U.S. House of Representatives 1789-1797 where he helped frame Bill of Rights

Mason, 1751-1824, Rev. **William Rogers, Clergyman**, educator, chaplain of Pennsylvania rifle regiment, militia, and legislature, Professor of Oratory and English Literature at College of Philadelphia 1789-1792, VP of Religious Historical Society of Philadelphia 1819

1754-1807, **Abraham Baldwin, Clergyman**, Professor of Divinity at Yale, chaplain in Revolutionary Army 1777-83, “Father of University of Georgia” (OI, 375)

1754-1812, **Joel Barlow, Clergyman**, author, poet, President of Bank of Washington

1755-1795, **William Bradford, Clergyman**, Theologian, attorney, soldier, Attorney General of Pennsylvania, made U.S. Attorney by President George Washington in 1794

1758-1799, Rev. **Chandler Robbins, Clergyman**, pastor of church in Plymouth 1759-1799, 1795 church had 2,500 members and was believed to be largest in Massachusetts

1760-1831, **Richard Allen, Clergyman**, est. Free African Society, 1787, helped “frame Bill of Rights” and ordained a deacon in an independent Black Methodist church which he helped found (1799), considered the founder and first Bishop of the African Methodist Episcopal (A.M.E.) denomination

1762-1848, Rev. **Ashbel Green, Clergyman**, soldier, minister at Second Presbyterian Church of Philadelphia 1787-1812, chaplain of Congress 1792-1800, wrote historic declaration against slavery, author of plan for Princeton Theological Seminary

1763-1837, Rev. **Abiel Holmes, Clergyman**, Congregationalist, pastor of First Church in Cambridge 1792-1829, historian *Annals of America from the Discovery of Columbus in the Year 1492 to the Year 1826*, first extensive attempt at a history, father of Oliver Wendell Holmes

Mason, 1772-1849, Rev. **David Lawrence Morrill, Clergyman**, studied medicine, pastor of Presbyterian Church of Goffstown 1802-1811, VP American Bible Society 1821-1830, manager in American Sunday School Union

1774-1844, Rev. **Abner Kneeland, Clergyman**, Universalist, congressman, translated N.T., liberal, pastor of Second Universalist Society 1827, expounded pantheism in *Boston Investigator* 1831, tried and convicted of both libel and blasphemy

≤16 in 1789 - 2 of 5 Freemasons for 40%-----

1780-1842, Rev. **William Ellery Channing, Clergyman**, Unitarian, opponent of slavery, Federal Street Church, Boston (1803-42), opposed to Calvinism

1787-1850, Rev. **William Cogswell, Clergyman**, trustee of Andover Theological Seminary (1837)

Mason, 1792-1875, **Charles Finney, Clergyman**, attorney, 1821 religious experience, revivals spread through New York, New England, 1824-1834, weekly *New York Evangelist*, president of Oberlin College, abolitionist and **anti-Mason**

1803-1882, **Ralph Waldo Emerson, Clergyman**, Unitarian, Second Unitarian Church Boston 1829, abolitionists, formed Transcendental Club 1836, “leading figure in removing all vestiges of Christianity from Unitarianism by the introduction of mysticism and transcendentalism into that movement” (OI, 388)

Mason, 1831-1881, **James A. Garfield, Clergyman**, attorney, Christian Church, Professor of Ancient Languages and Literature in Hiram College, Ohio 1856, president 1857-1861, congressman, Civil War Brigadier-General, 12th President of U.S.



H. Tim LaHaye's 54 Founding Fathers

As mentioned above, LaHaye's top two were Freemasons George Washington and Benjamin Franklin, followed by Freemasons James Madison, Roger Sherman, and Alexander Hamilton, and non-Masons Gouverneur Morris and George Mason. Five out of LeHaye's top seven were Freemasons, or 71%—remarkable. Then LeHaye give three more lists: two lists of 16 and one of 15—for 47—that gives us 54 significant Founding Fathers in LaHaye ($47 + 5 + 2 = 54$). Of the 54, 14 or 26% are unique to LaHaye (u=unique), and 19 of the 54 were Freemasons, for 35%; that means of the 54 Founding Fathers in LeHaye, 24 or 44% were Freemasons.

16 25

Mason 1754-1807, **Abraham Baldwin**, Congregationalist, army chaplain, lawyer, congressman

1745-1815, **Richard Bassett**, Methodist, lawyer, captain in Revolution, Governor

Mason 1747-1812, Gunning Bedford, Presbyterian, lawyer, state attorney general, member Continental Congress

Mason u1732-1800, **John Blair**, Episcopalian, leader in Revolution, Supreme Court Justice

Mason 1745-1790, **David Brearly**, Episcopalian, lawyer, colonel in Revolution, Chief Justice

Mason 1752-1810, **Jacob Broom**, Lutheran, surveyor, banker, developed Delaware

1732-1803, **John Dickinson**, Quaker, Episcopalian, lawyer, congressman, helped draft articles of confederation

1727-1819, **William Samuel Johnson**, Anglican **Clergyman**, first president of King's College NY, great grandson of Robert Johnson who immigrated to America in 1638 to assist in founding godly commonwealth at New Haven

Mason 1755-1827, **Rufus King**, Episcopalian, lawyer, congressman

Mason 1741-1819, **John Langdon**, Congregationalist, congressman

1723-1790, **William Livingston**, Presbyterian, lawyer, Brigadier General, Governor NJ, congressman

Mason 1753-1816, **James McHenry**, Presbyterian, physician, soldier, congressman, directed est. of West Point

Mason 1745-1806, **William Paterson**, Presbyterian, congressman, Supreme Court justice

1746-1825, Charles Cotsworth Pinckney, Episcopalian, statesman, lawyer, congressman, minister to France

1733-1798, **George Read**, Episcopalian, lawyer, judge, signer of Declaration, congressman

u1735-1819, **Hugh Williamson**, Presbyterian **Clergyman**, physician, scientist, Continental Congress, congressman

16 26

1749-1800, **William Blount**, Presbyterian, planter, congressman, signed Constitution

25 LaHaye, *Faith of Our Founding Fathers* (1987): 144-183, list of Christians, some clergy.

26 LaHaye, *Faith of Our Founding Fathers* (1987): 203-232, Christians signed Constitution.

u1744-1824, **Pierce Butler**, Episcopalian, wealthy planter, congressman, signed Constitution

1730-1796, **Daniel Carrol**, Catholic, planter, congressman, committee to define Washington, D.C., signed Constitution

u1739-1813, **George Clymer**, Quaker, Episcopalian, banker, signer of Declaration too, signed Constitution

Mason 1760-1824, **Jonathan Dayton**, Episcopalian, lawyer, congressman, signed Constitution

1741-1811, **William Few**, Methodist, farmer, lawyer, banker, congressman, signed Constitution

Mason u1755-1814, **Nicholas Gilman**, Congregationalist, captain in Revolution, congressman, signed Constitution

1748-1796, **Nathaniel Gorham**, Congregationalist, helped write Constitution, financier, signed Constitution

1749-1822, **Jared Ingersoll**, Presbyterian, lawyer, signed Constitution

1723-1790, **Daniel Jenifer**, Episcopalian, congressman, signed Constitution

u1744-1800, **Thomas Mifflin**, Quaker, Episcopalian, soldier in Revolution, Governor Pennsylvania, congressman, signed Constitution

1734-1806, **Robert Morris**, Episcopalian, financier of Revolution, signed Articles of Confederation, Declaration, Constitution, signed Constitution

u1757-1824, **Charles Pinckney III**, Episcopalian, planter, lawyer, Governor SC, congressman, signed Constitution

1737-1800, **John Rutledge**, Episcopalian, lawyer, state attorney general, chief justice of SC, U.S. Supreme Court, signed Constitution

Mason 1758-1802, **Richard Dobbs Spaight**, Episcopalian, planter, congressman, signed Constitution

Mason 1742-1798, **James Wilson**, Episcopalian-Deist, lawyer, Supreme Court, signed Constitution

15 ²⁷

u1756-1820, **William Richardson Davie**, Presbyterian, lawyer, planter, founder Univ. NC, minister to France, member Continental Congress did not sign Constitution

Mason 1745-1807, **Oliver Ellsworth**, Congregationalist, lawyer, judge, congressman, member Continental Congress did not sign Constitution

Mason 1744-1814, **Eldridge Gerry**, Episcopalian, signed Declaration, Articles Confederation, Governor MA, VP U.S., member Continental Congress did not sign Constitution

u1746-1788, **William Churchill Houston**, Presbyterian, lawyer, member Continental Congress did not sign Constitution

Mason u1757-1813, **William Houstoun**, Episcopalian, planter, lawyer, congressman, member Continental Congress did not sign Constitution

u1754-1829, **John Lansing**, Dutch Reformed, lawyer, mayor of Albany NY, Chief Justice NY, member Continental Congress did not sign Constitution

Mason 1740-1807, **Alexander Martin**, Episcopalian, lawyer, planter, congressman 35 years, Governor NC, member Continental Congress did not sign Constitution

²⁷ LaHaye, *Faith of Our Founding Fathers* (1987): 203-232, Christian delegates who did not sign.

1748-1826, **Luther Martin**, Episcopalian, lawyer, attorney general, member Continental Congress did not sign Constitution

u1746-1823, **James McClung**, physician, banker, religion not known but appointment arranged by Washington and Patrick Henry, member Continental Congress did not sign Constitution

u1759-1821, **John Francis Mercer**, Episcopalian, lawyer, Governor MD, congressman, member Continental Congress did not sign Constitution

Mason 1740-1789, **William Pierce**, Episcopalian, merchant, author of only character sketches of 55 constitutional delegates, member Continental Congress did not sign Constitution

Mason 1753-1813, **Edmund Jennings Randolph**, Episcopalian, lawyer, Mayor of Williamsburg, Governor of Continental Congress, first U.S. Attorney General, Secretary of State, member Continental Congress did not sign Constitution

1745-1819, **Caleb Strong**, Congregationalist, lawyer, congressman, member Continental Congress did not sign Constitution

1726-1806, **George Wythe**, Episcopalian, judge, law professor, congressman, signed Declaration, member Continental Congress did not sign Constitution

u1738-1801, **Robert Yates**, Dutch Reformed, lawyer, leader Revolution in NY, Chief Justice NY, member Continental Congress did not sign Constitution



I. 33 Freemason Generals in Continental Army

Top most military rank and date promoted, all Continental Army unless noted.²⁸

1. 1732-1799, **George Washington**, Commander in Chief, 1st President
2. 1718-1790, **Israel Putnam**, one of first Major Generals, 1775, and only one to serve throughout the war.
3. 1738-1775, **Richard Montgomery**, Brigadier General 1775 whose promotion to Major General did not reach him before was killed at Quebec on 12-31-1775.
4. 1740-1795, **John Sullivan**, Major General 1776, Attorney General and then Governor of NH.
5. 1741-1801, **Benedict Arnold**, Major General 1777, deserted 1780.
6. 1736-1818, **Arthur St. Clair**, Major General and Commander U.S. Army 1791.
7. 1733-1810, **Benjamin Lincoln**, Major General 1777, Secretary of War 1781.
8. 1757-1834, **Marquis de LaFayette**, Major General 1777.
9. 1730-1794, **Baron Von Steuben**, Major General and Inspector General 1778.
10. 1737-1789, **Samuel Holden Parson**, Major General 1780.
11. 1750-1806, **Henry Knox**, Major General 1782, Commander and Chief of Army 1783, Secretary of War 1785-1794.
12. 1711-1777, **David Wooster**, Major General 1775 CT, Brigadier General Continental 1775.
13. 1712-1794, **Joseph Frye**, Major General MA militia 1775, Brigadier General Continental 1776.
14. 1736-1781, **William Thompson**, Brigadier General 1776.
15. 1725-1777, **Hugh Mercer**, Brigadier General 1776.
16. 1727-1815, **John Nixon**, Brigadier General 1776.
17. 1733-1812, **James Clinton**, Brigadier General 1776.
18. 1733-1796, **William Maxwell**, Brigadier General 1776.
19. 1732-1797, **John Glover**, Brigadier General 1777, whose men took Washington across the Delaware on that eventful Christmas night in 1776 and whose men took Washington's men off Long Island after a defeat.
20. 1744-1808, **John Paterson**, Brevet Major General 1783.
21. 1748-1789, **James Mitchell Varnum**, Brigadier General 1777, Major General RI militia.
22. 1734-1780, **William Woodford**, Brigadier General 1777.
23. 1746-1807, **John Peter Gabriel Muhlenberg**, Major General 1783.
24. 1734-1793, **George Weedon**, Brigadier General 1777.
25. 1744-1802, **Edward Hand**, Brigadier General 1777, Adjutant General 1781, Brevet Major General 1783, Major General 1798.
26. 1728-1822, **John Stark**, Brigadier General 1777.
27. 1733-1785, **Jethro Sumner**, Brigadier General 1779.
28. 17??-1781, **James Hogun**, Major General GA militia 1776, Brigadier General Continental 1779.

²⁸ Ronald E. Heaton, *Masonic Membership of the General Officers of the Continental Army* (1960); these 33 are confirmed Freemasons with lodge records, and Heaton includes two other sections of those suspected but not confirmed, with photos where available, a facsimile of signature, and both military and Masonic bios of each.

29. 1742-1792, **Mordeci Gist**, Brigadier General 1779.
30. 1749-1794, **Otho Holland Williams**, Brigadier General 1782.
31. 1741-1783, **John Greateon**, Brigadier General 1783.
32. 1738-1824, **Rufus Putnam**, Brigadier General 1783.
33. 1737-1807, **Elias Dayton**, Brigadier General 1783.

J. 85 More Freemason Founding Fathers *Not* in Barton or LeHaye

NOTE: we could have included many more; I just got tired—a few are above too.²⁹

1. **Mason** 1703-1773, **John Entick**, Clergyman, Church of England and school master, remembered for his edition of *Book of Constitutions* 1756 of Freemasonry, omitting marred versions of Anderson's second edition of 1738; he was grand steward in 1755 and junior grand warden in 1758; his Latin dictionary was used for many years in schools.
2. **Mason** 1711-1794, **Joseph Frye**, General in Revolutionary War, was a colonel when Montcalm captured Fort William Henry in 1757, appointed major general by Mass. Provincial congress in June of 1775, made Brigadier General by Continental Congress on 1-10-1776, was a member of Massachusetts Lodge and was general secretary.
3. **Mason** 1714-1786, **Charles Humphreys**, member Continental Congress 1774-1776, Quaker who opposed war, voted for Declaration of Independence, member Provincial Congress 1764-1774.
4. **Mason** 1718-1790, **Israel Putnam, Lt. Colonel at Lexington Alarm, April 1775**, first of four Major General appointed 1775 and only one to serve throughout war.
5. **Mason** 1721-1775, **Peyton Randolph**, member first Continental Congress & first president of congress, King's attorney in VA 1748, speaker of House of Bergesses 1766 and member 1764-1775.
6. **Mason** 1722-1725, **Samuel Fraunces**, revolutionary tavernkeeper and patriot, a West Indian Negro who kept Fraunces Tavern in New York City 1762-65 and 1770-89, and from 1789-94 was household steward to George Washington, member of the Holland Lodge No. 8, New York City.
7. **Mason** 1723-1781, **Cornelius Harnett**, Town Commissioner, New Hanover, Chairman Sons of Liberty NC, member Continental Congress 1777-1780, governor of NC, hailed as "Samuel Adams of North Carolina," captured by British in NC 1781 and died as prisoner.³⁰

²⁹ These come from William R. Denslow's *10,000 Famous Freemasons* (1957, 4v.), Ronald E. Heaton's *Masonic Membership of the General Officers of the Continental Army* (1960), Hubert Stewart Banner's *These Men Were Masons: a Series of Biographies of Masonic Significance* (1934; 258p.), George W. Baird's *Great American Masons* (1924; 109p.), Ronald E. Heaton's *Masonic Membership of the Founding Fathers* (1965; 164p.), *Justices of the Supreme Court identified as Masons* (1968, 41p.), *Masonic Membership of the General Officers of the Continental Army* (1960; 56p.), Ronald E. Heaton and James R. Case's *The Lodge at Fredericksburgh: a Digest of the Early Records* (1975; 95p.).

³⁰ Ronald E. Heaton, *Masonic Membership of the General Officers of the Continental Army* (1960): 27.

8. **Mason 1725-1777, Hugh Mercer**, studied medicine Marichall College, Aberdeen, to Philadelphia 1747 to practice medicine, Brigadier General Continental Army 1776, died from wounds at Princeton.
9. **Mason 1727-1815, John Nixon**, helped in siege of Louisbourg 1745, Capt. provincial troupes under General Abercrombie at Ticonderoga, **Capt. Minute Men at Lexington, April 19, 1775**, Brigadier General Continental Army 1776, member of Congregational Church for many years.
10. **Mason 1727-1795, Daniel Roberdeau**, entered America early age, settled Philadelphia, member Continental Congress 1777-1779, Brigadier General PN militia and first of his rank, manager of Philadelphia Hospital.
11. **Mason 1728-1822, John Stark**, Colonel NH 1775, Brevet Major General 1783.
12. **Mason 1728-1806, Horatio Gates**, Major General of Continental Army in American Revolution, in 1772 took up land at invitation of Washington and settled down in Virginia, when Revolution broke out made Brigadier General in July 1775 and next year Major General, remained loyal to Washington in spite of association with Benedict Arnold, probably member of Lodge at Annapolis Royal, Nova Scotia, where active lodges were between 1738-1755; on 12-18-1778 the Grand Lodge of MA invited him and other Masons to dine and feast for St. John's Day.
13. **Mason 1729-1797, Edmund Burke**, British statesman favoring cause of colonies, Protestant Father and Catholic Mother, high position in Whigs, advocated abolition of slavery, thought to be a member of Jerusalem Lodge No. 44, Clerkenwell, London, sometimes called "Burke's Lodge"; he championed John Wilkes when imprisoned for libel and wrote pamphlet in defense and members of Jerusalem Lodge went to the prison and made Wilkes a Mason in King's Bench Prison on March 3, 1769.³¹
14. **Mason 1729-1813, William Franklin**, son of Benjamin Franklin, last royal Governor of NJ under the British, uncertain as to which Lodge, he was a member of either St. John's No. 1 or the Tun Tavern Lodge, he was grand secretary of the Grand Lodge of Pennsylvania 1755, was with his father when he visited the Grand Lodge of England.
15. **Mason 1730-1790, Jethro Sumner**, Brig. Gen. Revolution, 1760 paymaster for provincial troops in NC, Royal White Hart Lodge No. 2, Helifax.
16. **Mason 1730-1730, Joseph Hewes**, member first & second Continental Congresses, 1774-77, 1779, prominent legislator, member of "Committee on the Marine and was in effect first Secretary of Navy."³²
17. **Mason 17??-1781, James Hogun**, Major GA militia, Brigadier General Continental Army, taken prisoner at Charleston and died prisoner, member assemble in Halifax
18. **Mason 1730-1791, William Bernet**, member of Constitutional Convention in 1776, pioneer physician, when Grand Lodge of New Jersey was chartered Nova Caesarea Lodge No. 10, Cincittati, on Sept. 8, 1791, he was named its first master.

³¹ Edmund Burke (1729-1797), *Observations on a Late State of the Nation* (London: s.n., 1769. 94p.), *On Empire, Liberty, and Reform: Speeches and Letters* (Edited by David Bromwich. New Haven: Yale Univ. Press, 2000. 526p.), *On Conciliation with the Colonies, and other papers on the American Revolution* (Edited by Peter J. Stanlis; illustrated with wood engravings by Lynd Ward. Lunenburg, VT: Printed for the members of the Limited Editions Club at the Stinehour Press, 1975. 267p.), *On the American Revolution; Selected Speeches and Letters* (NY: Harper & Row, 1966. 220p.).

³² Ronald E. Heaton, *Masonic Membership of the General Officers of the Continental Army*: 28.

19. **Mason** 1730-1797, **Thomas Chittenden**, first Governor of Vermont, member of Vermont Lodge (now Windsor No. 18), was charter master of Dorchester Lodge of Vergennes, chartered in 1791 by the Grand Lodge of Canada, now No. 1 under the Grand Lodge of Vermont.
20. **Mason** 1730-1785, **William Whipple**, sailor in slave trade, but abandoned it and liberated his slaves, member of second Continental Congress, 1775-1776 & 1778, Brigadier General NH militia, member Provincial Congress Exeter 1775, member state assembly 1780-1784, financial Receiver for NH 1782-1784.
21. **Mason** 1732-1800, **John Blair**, delegate to Constitutional Convention 1787, one of first associate justices of Supreme Court, chief justice Virginia.
22. **Mason** 1732-1797, **John Glover**, Brigadier General Continental Army, took Washington men across Delaware that eventful Christmas night in 1776, congressman in House.
23. **Mason** 1733-1812, **James Clinton**, served in French and Indian War, Brigadier General in Continental Army, Brevet Major General 1783, father of DeWitt Clinton who became Governor of NY and Grand Master of Masons in NY.
24. **Mason** 1733-1798, **William Maxwell**, French and Indian War, Brigadier General Continental Army 1776, served with Army at Valley Forge winter 1777-1778, no likeness of him found.
25. **Mason** 1733-1785, **Jethro Sumner**, Brigadier General Continental Army 1779, President of NC Society of Cincinnati.³³
26. **Mason** 1733-1816, **Samuel Johnston**, Gov. of NC, congressman, Royal Edwin Lodge No. 5, Unanimity Lodge No. 7, first Grand Master of Grand Lodge of NC, 1787-92.
27. **Mason** 1734-1780, **William Woodford**, Brigadier General Continental Army 1777, wounded at Brandywine, marched troops 500 miles in 28 days to Charleston, died in captivity 1780; related to Washington by marriage and “one of the Commander in Chief’s most trusted and confidential generals.”³⁴
28. **Mason** 1734-1824, **William Fleming**, American patriot and jurist, member of Virginia conventions 1775-76, Continental Conventions 1779-81, lodge not known, but attended sessions of Grand Lodge of Virginia Oct. 1791.
29. **Mason** 1734-1793, **George Weedon**, Lt. Colonel VA, Brigadier General Continental Army 1777, one of original member Society of Cincinnati & president 1783 & 1786.
30. **Mason** 1735-1799, **Joseph Cilley**, first Major General of New Hampshire militia, made master Mason on June 15, 1775, in St. John’s Lodge No. 1, Portsmouth, NH.

³³ Society of the Cincinnati was a fraternity organized as the end of the Revolutionary War in 1783 for officers of the Continental Army before it was disbanded—had to be an officer to join or oldest male descendent—George Washington was made national president.

³⁴ Ronald E. Heaton, *Masonic Membership of the General Officers of the Continental Army*: 78. Full account of his life is given in *The Daily Star*, Fredericksburg, VA, April 11, 1992.

31. **Mason** 1736-1781, **William Thompson**, Brig. Gen. Revolution, helped raise first troops on demand of Continental Congress, relieved Gen. Charles Lee of command in NY, made Mason in Philadelphia Lodge No. 2 with two other generals.
32. **Mason** 1736-1818, **Arthur St. Clair**, studied medicine at Univ. Edinburgh under John Hunter, came to America 1759, Colonel in PN militia, Major General and Commander of US Army, member Continental Congress 1785-1787 & president 1787
33. **Mason** 1737-1818, **Jonas Fay**, American patriot, with two member of Vermont Lodge No. 18 (Ira Allen and Thomas Chittenden) led the fight that est. Vermont as the 14th state, made Freemason in Master's Lodge No. 5, Albany, NY, member of convention in Jan. 1777 that made Vermont a state.
34. **Mason** 17??-1799, **John Fitzgerald**, Lt. Colonel and Aide-de-Camp to Washington, close friend of Washington, mayor of Alexandria, VA, helped found Catholic church there.
35. **Mason** 1737-1807, **Elias Dayton**, Brigadier General, Continental Army, trustee of Presbyterian Church in Elizabethtown, congressman in NJ legislature.
36. **Mason** 1737-1789, **Samuel Holden Parsons**, King's attorney 1773, **Colonel at Lexington Alarm, April 1775**, Major General 1780, president of CT Society of Cincinnati 1784.
37. **Mason** 1738-1775, **Richard Montgomery**, British officer in Halifax 1757, became Brigadier General Continental Army 1775, member of first Provincial Convention, NY, 1775.
38. **Mason** 1738-1779, **Edward Biddle**, pre-revolutionary leader, member Continental Congress 1774-75, 1778, 1779, member state assembly 1767-1775, Speaker 1774.
39. **Mason** 1738-1810, **John Frost**, Brigadier General in American Revolution, was Lt. Colonel at siege of Boston, won several engagements, member of St. Andrews Lodge, Boston, MA.
40. **Mason** 1740-1879, **John Sullivan**, Major General in Revolution, Gov. NH, first Grand Master of Grand Lodge of NH, POW, Master of St. John's Lodge.
41. **Mason** 1741-1783, **John Greaton**, Brigadier General Continental Army.
42. **Mason** 1741-1780, **William Palfrey**, Major & Aide-de-Camp to General Lee and to Washington, Paymaster General 1776, appointed US Consul to France 1780, sailed and lost at sea.
43. **Mason** 1741-1804, **George Walton**, lawyer Savannah, member second Continental Congress 1776-1781, US Senator 1795, twice governor of GA, first judge of Superior Courts of Eastern Judicial district
44. **Mason** 1742-1814, **Simon Spalding**, soldier, general in PA militia, capt. in Revolution, Rural Amith Lodge No. 179.
45. **Mason** 1743-1788, **Samuel Elbert**, Revolutionary Brigadier General, Governor of Georgia, last grand master of Georgia to be appointed by the United Grand Lodge of England, 1774 appointed Capt. grenadier company, Lt. Colonel in 1776, member of Solomon Lodge No. 1, Savannah.
46. **Mason** 1743-1798, **John Fitch**, inventor of steam boat, Lodge No. 25 of Bristol, PA, 1-4-1785.
47. **Mason** 1744-1809, **John Walker**, Lt. Colonel & Aide-de-Camp for Washington, appointed Senator to fill after death of William Grayson.

48. **Mason** 1744-1802, **Edward Hand**, Major General of United States, appointed by Washington Inspector of Revenue District PN, Lay Deputy of Diocesan Convention of Episcopal Church in Philadelphia, President of PN Society of the Cincinnati, 1799.
49. **Mason** 1744-1808, **John Paterson**, Yale lawyer, Colonel in MA regiment, Brevet Major General 1783, practiced law in Lenox, MA, after war, member NY state legislature, State Constitutional Convention 1801, monument in Lenox to him.
50. **Mason** 1745-1799, **William Dawes**, merchant, tanner, one of famous midnight riders who road with Paul Revere 1775, who warned John Hancock and John Adams in time to save them; known to be a Mason, but not proof.
51. **Mason** 1745-1806, **William Paterson**, emigrated to colonies 1747, elected delegate to 1787 Continental Congress but could not serve as he was attorney general NJ, US Senate 1789, resigned to become governor of NJ, Assoc. Justice to US Supreme Court 1793 to death.
52. **Mason** 1747-1806, **Richard Cary**, Lt. Colonel and Aide-de-Camp to Washington; Washington said he “was the greatest gentleman in the American Army.”³⁵
53. **Mason** 1748-1789, **James Mitchell Varnum**, lawyer, colonel RI regiment, Major General RI Militia, President of RI Society of Cincinnati 1786.
54. **Mason** 1749-1794, **Otho Holland Williams**, Major in Stephenson’s Maryland and Virginia Rifle Regiment, Brigadier General Continental Army 1782, appointed Collector of Customs at Baltimore, president of MD Society of Cincinnati 1792.
55. **Mason** 1749-1831, **Isaiah Thomas**, patriot and printer, publisher of *Massachusetts Spy*, published attacks on British, joined Paul Revere, was **first printer** to use music type, published *Farmer’s Museum*, **Printed most of the Bibles and school books used in the country**, not known where made a Mason, but became Master of Trinity Lodge of Lancaster MA, founding member of Morning Star Lodge of Worcester MA, was Senior Grand Warden of Grand Lodge of MA, and Grand Master of Grand Lodge MA 1803-05, and help lay cornerstone for Bunker Hill Monument with Lafayette in a procession that was more than a mile long, with 5,000 dining together for this occasion.
56. **Mason** 1750-1806, **Henry Knox**, Major General 1782, Comander in Chief of Army 1783, first Secretary of War, first secretary-general of Society of the Cincinnati 1783-1799 & VP 1805.
57. **Mason** 1752-1818, **George Rogers Clark**, famous Brigadier General in American Revolution, received approval of Governor Patrick Henry for expedition into territory now known as Illinois, older brother of William Clark of famed Lewis and Clark expedition (also a Mason), his leg was amputated, Abraham Lodge No. 8, Louisville, buried with Masonic funeral.
58. **Mason** 1752-1825, **John Brooks**, Governor MA, re-elected 7 years in succession, American Union Lodge and Washington Lodge No. 10.

³⁵ Ronald E. Heaton, *Masonic Membership of the General Officers of the Continental Army*: 10.

59. **Mason** 1752-1818, **David Humphreys**, Lt. Colonel & Aide-de-Camp to Washington, negotiated treaties, first US minister to Portugal, then minister to Spain 1796, became horse breeder
60. **Mason** 1753-1799, **Henry Tazell**, Senator VA, delegate to Constitutional Convention 1775-1776, Father senator and Gov. VA, Williamsburg Lodge No. 6.
61. **Mason** 1754-1848, **Henry Burbeck**, founder of West Point, senior warden of St. John's Provincial Grand Lodge in Boston and signed warrant for American Union Lodge, at battles of Brandywine, Germantown, and wintered at Valley Forge, commanded the troops that took over New York from British on Nov. 25, 1783; in 1792 est. school that would become West Point, and when Corp of Engineers was created in 1801 he was its first chief.
62. **Mason** 1755-1843, **Ebenezer Mattoon**, Officer in Revolution, Major General in War of 1812, congressman, Pacific Lodge, Amherst, MA, master 1818-1819.
63. **Mason** 1755-1814, **Nicholas Gilman**, member Continental Congress 1786-1788, member of first four congresses, presidential elector 1793 & 1797, US senator NH.
64. **Mason** 1756-1743, **Hodijah Baylies**, Lt. Colonel and Aide-de-Camp to Washington
65. **Mason** 1757-1796, **Josep P. E. Capelle**, surgeon in American Revolution, came to America with Count Rochambeau, later served with Lafayette as staff surgeon, one of incorporators of Delaware State Medical School, raised master Mason on Lodge No. 14 at Wilmington on Aug. 21, 1783, and served as master in 1786 and again in 1792, treasure from 1788-1791, on Aug.,6, 1789, one of the first group of Delaware Masons to receive Royal Arch Degree.
66. **Mason** 1757-1806, **James Jackson**, Brigadier General 1788, Governor of GA, killed Lt. Gov. Wells in duel, Solomons Lodge No. 1.
67. **Mason** 1759-1796, **Robert Burns**, Scottish national poet, considered a poetic genius, member St. David's Lodge No. 174, raised Oct. 1, 1781, member of several other Lodges, and wrote several Masonic poems, including "Farewell to the Brethren of St. James Lodge, Tarbolton" and "The Freemasons' Apron".
68. **Mason** 1759-1820, **Josiah Bartlett**, physician, grand master of the Grand Lodge of MA, member of Union Lodge at Danbury, CT (now No. 40), April 13, 1780, raised on May 2, 1780, charter member of King Solomon's Lodge, Charleston, MA, Sept. 1783; Bartlett followed Paul Revere as Grand Master of MA 1798, 1799, 1810.
69. **Mason** 1759-1841, **Jonathan Gage**, ship builder who sloop *Polly* was stolen by British, congressman in Massachusetts, master of St. Peter's Lodge in Newburyport in 1791, help organize the General Grand Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, in 1798 was first grand treasure of Grand Chapter in Massachusetts.
70. **Mason** 1760-1823, **Jesse Franklin**, Governor and U.S. Senator from NC, 12-23-1793, became a member of Liberty Lodge No. 45, Wilkesborough, NC.
71. **Mason** 1762-1832, **Samuel Strong**, General in War 1812, raised troops and hastened to relief of garrison at Plattsburg, NY, received formal thanks from VT and NY, Dorchester Lodge No. 1, Vergennes.
72. **Mason** 1762-18??, **Elisha Cullen Dick**, one of three doctors who attend George Washington in his last illness, made a Mason in Lodge No. 2, Philadelphia in 1779, one of the organizers of Alexander Lodge No. 39, VA (later Alexandria-Washington Lodge No. 22), and senior warden 1783, master of Lodge 22 in 1793 at the leveling of the cornerstone of the U.S. Capitol.

73. **Mason** 1764-1812, **Jaun Jose Castelli**, Argentine patriot, lawyer, and politician of indomitable courage, member of Lautaro Lodge.
74. **Mason** 1765-1826, **Thomas Todd**, Justice U. S. Supreme Court, 1807-1826, part of KY statehood, Lodge No. 24 of VA, became charter member of Lexington Lodge No. 1, Lexington, KY.
75. **Mason** 1769-1841, **Martin Chittenden**, son of Thomas Chittenden, Governor of Vermont 1813-1814, graduate of Dartmouth 1789, member of Washington Lodge No. 7, Burlington, VT, one of petitioners for new Lodge named Chittenden at Williston, VT, in honor of his father.
76. **Mason** 1770-1838, **William Clark** of famed Lewis and Clark expedition to Northwest Territory by appointed from President Jefferson in 1804, younger brother of George Rogers Clark, made superintendent of Indian affairs by President Monroe at St. Louis and kept position until death in 1838; member of St. Louis Lodge No. 111 under Pennsylvania charter, and buried with Masonic honors.
77. **Mason** 1773-1828, **John Geddes**, Governor of SC 1818-20, congressman, Brigadier General, past master of St. John's Lodge No. 13, Charleston, Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of South Carolina in 1826.
78. **Mason** 1774-1834, **Rufus Easton**, first postmaster West of the Mississippi River, first attorney general of MO, entered through Roman Lodge No. 82 of NY and helped organize Western Star Lodge No. 107, Kaskaskia, IL, when St. Louis Lodge No. 111 was organized he was a charter member.
79. **Mason** 1774-1860, **Littleton W. Tazewell**, Gov. VA, congressman, son of Henry Tazewell, Naphtali Lodge No. 56.
80. **Mason** 1777-1849, **Edmund P. Gaines**, Major General in War of 1812, arrested Aaron Burr, member of Phoenix Lodge No. 8, Fayetteville, NC.
81. **Mason** 1781-1842, **Newton Cannon**, Governor of TN, 1735-1839, congressman, Cumberland Lodge No. 8 and was present when Grand Lodge of Tennessee was called in 1825.
82. **Mason** 1782-1867, **Henry Dodge**, General and Indian fighter, U.S. Senator then Governor of Wisconsin, 12-6-1806 initiated into Western Star Lodge 107, Kaskaskia, IL, later affiliated with Louisiana Lodge No. 109 (Missouri's first Lodge) at St. Genevieve, MO, served as master three years, installing office at institution of Unity Lodge No. 6, Jackson, MO.
83. **Mason** 1784-1854, **William P. Duval**, Governor of Territory of Florida 1822-1834 by President Monroe, served in War of 1812, raised 8-13-1804 in Washington Lodge No. 6, Bardstown, KY, served senior warden in 1816.
84. **Mason** 1795-1858, **John P. Gaines**, Governor of Oregon Territory 1850-53, congressman, member of Multnomah Lodge No. 1, Oregon City, OR.
85. **Mason** 1800-1836, **James W. Fannin**, Texas patriot and pioneer, Capt. of Texas forces, 1835 defeated larger Mexican army near Bexar, General Houston made him colonel then inspector general, executed by General Santa Anna with 357 other 3-27-1836,

was senior deacon to Holland Lodge No. 36, LA, when it was organized, later to become Holland No. 1 of Texas.

Obviously, something is amiss in the anti-Mason cricket histories, even unpatriotic.



Character Counts
Freemasonry USA's National Treasure
& Source of Our Founding Fathers'
Original Intent
by Michael G. Maness



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